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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to property insurance; creating s.
3	215.5552, F.S.; creating the Florida Optional
4	Reinsurance Assistance program (FORA), to be
5	administered by the State Board of Administration;
6	defining terms; authorizing eligible insurers to
7	purchase reinsurance coverage under FORA; requiring
8	the board to provide specified coverage layers;
9	specifying coverage limits for each option; specifying
10	requirements for reimbursement contracts between the
11	board and FORA insurers; specifying the calculation of
12	payout multiples and layer retentions; authorizing the
13	board to inspect, examine, and verify certain records;
14	specifying the calculation of premiums and
15	requirements for the payment of premiums; providing
16	construction relating to the claims-paying capacity of
17	the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund; specifying
18	requirements and procedures if a FORA insurer becomes
19	insolvent; providing construction relating to
20	violations; authorizing the board to take legal
21	actions and adopt rules, including emergency rules;
22	providing legislative findings; specifying
23	requirements and procedures for the appropriation of
24	funds from the General Revenue Fund to provide
25	reimbursements; requiring the board to submit annual
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26	reports to the Governor and the Legislature; providing
27	for contingent expiration; amending s. 624.1551, F.S.;
28	revising conditions that must be met for a claim for
29	extracontractual damages in a civil remedy action
30	against a property insurer; providing construction;
31	amending s. 624.3161, F.S.; providing that property
32	insurers may be subject to an additional market
33	conduct examination by the Office of Insurance
34	Regulation after a hurricane under certain
35	circumstances; providing requirements for such
36	examination; amending s. 624.418, F.S.; adding
37	specified grounds on which the office may suspend or
38	revoke a property insurer's certificate of authority;
39	amending s. 624.424, F.S.; adding information required
40	to be reported by property insurers in their quarterly
41	supplemental reports; amending s. 626.9373, F.S.;
42	deleting a right to attorney fees for judgments or
43	decrees against surplus lines insurers in suits
44	arising under residential or commercial property
45	insurance policies; amending s. 626.9541, F.S.;
46	revising conditions for a certain unfair claim
47	settlement practice by a property insurer; amending s.
48	627.351, F.S.; authorizing Citizens Property Insurance
49	Corporation, if certain conditions are met, to
50	consolidate its three separate accounts into a single
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51	Citizens account for all revenues, assets,
52	liabilities, losses, and expenses of the corporation;
53	specifying the corporation's authority, and
54	requirements for and prohibited acts by the
55	corporation, under the Citizens account; providing
56	applicability; specifying requirements and procedures
57	with respect to a deficit in the Citizens account;
58	defining terms; providing requirements for the Florida
59	Surplus Lines Service Office; revising requirements
60	for the corporation's plan of operation; revising
61	eligibility requirements for renewing coverage with
62	the corporation for personal lines residential and
63	commercial lines residential risks; providing
64	construction; providing requirements relating to
65	certain excess premium and investment income in the
66	Citizens account; authorizing specified insurers to
67	petition the office to qualify as limited
68	apportionment companies; providing requirements for
69	such companies; specifying disclosure requirements to
70	applicants for coverage from the corporation if the
71	Citizens account is established; providing that, for
72	certain purposes, the corporation's rates for coverage
73	may not be competitive with approved rates charged in
74	the admitted voluntary market; requiring the office to
75	provide certain information to the corporation;

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76	specifying annual rate increase limits for personal
77	lines policies written on or after a specified date
78	which do not cover a primary residence; defining the
79	term "primary residence"; requiring the corporation to
80	require the securing and maintenance of flood
81	insurance as a condition of personal lines residential
82	coverage; specifying requirements for such flood
83	insurance coverage; specifying deadlines by which
84	policyholders must secure and maintain flood
85	insurance; revising eligibility requirements for
86	coverage with the corporation when take-out offers are
87	received by policyholders; specifying a burden of
88	proof for corporation policyholders making claims for
89	water damage; making technical changes; conforming
90	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
91	627.3511, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending
92	s. 627.3518, F.S.; deleting a provision construing the
93	eligibility for coverage with the corporation for
94	certain applicants; conforming a provision to changes
95	made by the act; amending s. 627.410, F.S.; requiring
96	the office to reexamine certain policy forms of a
97	property insurer under certain circumstances;
98	specifying actions the office may take; amending s.
99	627.428, F.S.; deleting a right to attorney fees for
100	judgments or decrees against insurers in suits arising

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101	under residential or commercial property insurance
102	policies; amending s. 627.7011, F.S.; revising
103	disclosure requirements relating to flood insurance
104	for insurers issuing homeowners' policies; amending s.
105	627.70131, F.S.; revising requirements for insurers
106	relating to acknowledging communications regarding
107	claims, investigating claims, sending estimates of
108	losses to policyholders, recordkeeping, and paying or
109	denying claims; authorizing insurers to use specified
110	methods in investigating losses; authorizing insurers
111	to void insurance policies under certain
112	circumstances; defining the term "factors beyond the
113	control of the insurer"; specifying circumstances
114	under which certain requirements are tolled; providing
115	construction; amending s. 627.70132, F.S.; revising
116	timeframes under which notices of claims, reopened
117	claims, and supplemental claims under property
118	insurance policies must be given to insurers or be
119	barred; amending s. 627.70152, F.S.; revising
120	applicability; deleting the definition of the term
121	"amount obtained"; providing that certain
122	prelitigation notices and documentation are not
123	admissible as evidence in any proceeding; deleting
124	provisions relating to the calculation of attorney
125	fees; creating s. 627.70154, F.S.; specifying

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126	conditions that must be met for a property insurance
127	policy to require mandatory binding arbitration;
128	amending s. 627.7074, F.S.; deleting the right to
129	attorney fees payable by insurers in the alternative
130	procedure for resolution of disputed sinkhole
131	insurance claims; conforming a provision to changes
132	made by the act; amending s. 627.7142, F.S.;
133	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
134	amending s. 627.7152, F.S.; prohibiting policyholders
135	from assigning post-loss insurance benefits under
136	residential or commercial property insurance policies
137	issued on or after a specified date; providing
138	construction; amending s. 627.7154, F.S.; revising
139	duties of the office's Property Insurer Stability
140	Unit; amending s. 631.252, F.S.; providing that a
141	coverage continuation period for policies of an
142	insolvent property insurer may be extended by the
143	office under specified circumstances; amending s.
144	768.79, F.S.; authorizing a property insurer in a
145	breach of contract action to make a joint offer of
146	judgment or settlement that is conditioned on the
147	mutual acceptance of all joint offerees; providing an
148	appropriation; providing an effective date.
149	
150	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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151	
152	Section 1. Section 215.5552, Florida Statutes, is created
153	to read:
154	215.5552 Florida Optional Reinsurance Assistance program.—
155	(1) CREATION OF THE FLORIDA OPTIONAL REINSURANCE
156	ASSISTANCE PROGRAMThere is created the Florida Optional
157	Reinsurance Assistance program to be administered by the State
158	Board of Administration.
159	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
160	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Administration.
161	(b) "Contract year" has the same meaning as in s.
162	<u>215.555(2)(0).</u>
163	(c) "Covered event" has the same meaning as in s.
164	<u>215.555(2)(b).</u>
165	(d) "Covered policy" has the same meaning as in s.
166	<u>215.555(2)(c).</u>
167	(e) "FHCF" means the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund
168	created under s. 215.555.
169	(f) "Final FORA premium" means the premium due no later
170	than March 1, 2024, paid by a FORA insurer after the actual 2023
171	FHCF premiums are calculated.
172	(g) "FORA" means the Florida Optional Reinsurance
173	Assistance program created under this section.
174	(h) "FORA eligible insurer" means a FHCF participating
175	insurer as of November 30, 2022. New FHCF participants after
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176	that date are ineligible for FORA coverage. In addition, any
177	joint underwriting association, risk apportionment plan, or
178	other entity created under s. 627.351 is not considered a FORA
179	insurer and may not obtain coverage under FORA.
180	(i) "FORA insurer" means a FORA eligible insurer that
181	executes a FORA reimbursement contract pursuant to this section.
182	(j) "FORA layer limit" means, for the 2023-2024 contract
183	year, a FORA insurer's maximum payout for its FORA layer.
184	(k) "FORA layer retention" means the amount of losses
185	below which a FORA insurer is not entitled to reimbursement for
186	the selected layer under FORA.
187	(1) "FORA payout multiple" means the factors by FHCF
188	coverage and FORA layer that are multiplied by a FORA insurer's
189	FHCF premium to calculate the FORA insurer's FORA layer limits.
190	(m) "FORA reimbursement contract" means the reimbursement
191	contract reflecting the obligations of a FORA insurer and the
192	board.
193	(n) "FORA retention multiple" means the factors by FHCF
194	coverage and FORA layer that are multiplied by a FORA insurer's
195	FHCF premium to calculate the FORA insurer's FORA layer
196	retentions.
197	(o) "Initial FORA premium" means the premium paid by a
198	FORA insurer by July 1, 2023, for coverage under the FORA
199	program.
200	(p) "Losses" has the same meaning as in s. 215.555(2)(d).
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201	(q) "RAP insurer" has the same meaning as in s.
202	215.5551(2)(h).
203	(r) "Unsound insurer" means a FORA insurer determined by
204	the Office of Insurance Regulation to be in unsound condition as
205	defined in s. 624.80(2) or a FORA insurer placed in receivership
206	under chapter 631.
207	(3) COVERAGE.—
208	(a) Each FORA eligible insurer may purchase coverage under
209	FORA. The board shall provide four optional layers below the
210	FHCF retention prior to the third event dropdown of the FHCF
211	retention set forth in s. 215.555(2)(e)4. Only RAP insurers
212	required to participate in the 2022-2023 contract year may
213	select FORA layers 1 through 3. All FORA eligible insurers may
214	purchase FORA layer 4. If a RAP insurer required to participate
215	in the 2022-2023 contract year chooses to purchase layer 2, 3,
216	or 4, such layers must be purchased inclusive of the prior layer
217	and cannot be purchased separately.
218	(b) FORA industry limits prior to FORA insurer selections
219	are as follows:
220	1. FORA industry layer 1 limit is \$1 billion.
221	2. FORA industry layer 2 limit is \$1 billion.
222	3. FORA industry layer 3 limit is \$2 billion divided by
223	the RAP Qualification ratio minus \$2 billion.
224	4. FORA industry layer 4 limit is \$1 billion minus the
225	total FORA industry limit selected for FORA layers 1, 2, and 3,

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226	plus the total FORA premium collected for FORA layers 1, 2, and
227	<u>3.</u>
228	(c) The maximum aggregate coverage for all selected FORA
229	layers is \$1 billion as provided under paragraph (11)(a) plus
230	premiums needed to fulfill the obligations of this section.
231	(4) FORA REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS
232	(a) FORA eligible insurers selecting coverage must execute
233	a FORA reimbursement contract with the board.
234	(b) The board must enter into a FORA reimbursement
235	contract effective June 1, 2023, with each FORA eligible insurer
236	electing to purchase coverage. Such contract must provide
237	coverage pursuant to this section in exchange for premium paid.
238	(c) The FORA reimbursement contract must be executed by
239	the FORA insurer no later than April 15, 2023, for layers 1
240	through 3, and May 30, 2023, for layer 4.
241	(d) For the two covered events with the largest losses for
242	the FORA insurer, the FORA reimbursement contract must contain a
243	promise by the board to reimburse the FORA insurer for 100
244	percent of its losses from each covered event in excess of the
245	lowest selected FORA layer's retention. The sum of the FORA
246	insurer's covered losses from the two covered events with the
247	largest losses from each FORA layer may not exceed the FORA
248	insurer's combined selected FORA layer limit or limits.
249	(e) The FORA reimbursement contract must provide that
250	reimbursement amounts are not reduced by reinsurance paid or
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251	payable to the insurer from other sources.
252	(f) The board shall calculate and report to each FORA
253	insurer the initial and final FORA payout multiples for each
254	FORA layer using the source data described in paragraph (5)(a).
255	1. For FORA layer 1, the FORA payout multiple is the
256	quotient of \$1 billion divided by the FHCF industry aggregate
257	retention multiplied by the FHCF retention multiple for the FHCF
258	coverage selected.
259	2. For FORA layer 2, the FORA payout multiple is the
260	quotient of \$1 billion divided by the FHCF industry aggregate
261	retention multiplied by the FHCF retention multiple for the FHCF
262	coverage selected.
263	3. For FORA layer 3, the FORA payout multiple is
264	calculated as follows: the numerator is the quotient of \$2
265	billion divided by the RAP qualification ratio as defined in s.
266	215.5551(2)(j) minus \$2 billion. The denominator is the FHCF
267	industry aggregate retention. The FORA multiple is the FHCF
268	retention multiple multiplied by the numerator divided by the
269	denominator.
270	4. The FORA layer 4 payout multiple is the total FORA
271	industry layer 4 limit divided by the FHCF industry aggregate
272	retention multiplied by the FHCF retention multiple for the FHCF
273	coverage selected. For FORA layer 4, the total FORA industry
274	layer limit is \$1 billion minus the total FORA industry limit
275	selected for FORA layers 1, 2, and 3, plus the total FORA
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276	premium collected for FORA layers 1, 2, and 3.
277	(g) For each FORA layer, the FORA payout multiple is
278	multiplied by the FORA insurer's FHCF premium to calculate its
279	FORA maximum payout. FORA payout multiples are calculated for 45
280	percent, 75 percent, and 90 percent FHCF mandatory coverage
281	selections.
282	(h) For a FORA insurer that selects more than one layer,
283	the FORA layer limits shall be combined to a single aggregate
284	limit for the two covered events with the largest losses for the
285	FORA insurer.
286	(i) FORA layer retentions are calculated as follows:
287	1. For each FORA layer, the board shall calculate and
288	report to each FORA insurer the initial and final FORA retention
289	multiples for each FHCF coverage selection as the FHCF retention
290	multiple minus the FORA payout multiple using the source data
291	described in paragraph (5)(a). The FORA retention multiple is
292	multiplied by the FORA insurer's FHCF premium to calculate its
293	FORA retention. FORA retention multiples are calculated for 45
294	percent, 75 percent, and 90 percent FHCF mandatory coverage
295	selections.
296	2. The FORA industry retention for the 2023-2024 contract
297	year for FORA layer 1 is the FHCF's industry retention minus $\$1$
298	billion. The FORA layer 2 industry retention is the FHCF
299	industry retention minus \$2 billion. The FORA layer 3 industry
300	retention is the FHCF's industry retention minus the quotient of
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301	\$2 billion divided by the RAP qualification ratio. The FORA
302	layer 4 industry retention is the FORA layer 3 retention minus
303	the FORA layer 4 limit.
304	3. A FORA insurer's initial and final FORA retentions are
305	determined by multiplying its FHCF reimbursement premium by the
306	FORA retention multiple for each FHCF coverage selection using
307	the source data in paragraph (5)(a).
308	4. For a FORA insurer that selects more than one layer,
309	the FORA combined layer retention shall be the lowest selected
310	layer retention for each of the two covered events with the
311	largest losses for the FORA insurer.
312	(j) To ensure that insurers have properly reported the
313	losses for which FORA reimbursements have been made, the board
314	may inspect, examine, and verify the records of each FORA
315	participating insurer's covered policies at such times as the
316	board deems appropriate for the specific purpose of validating
317	the accuracy of losses required to be reported under the terms
318	and conditions of the FORA reimbursement contract.
319	(5) FORA PREMIUMS.—
320	(a) Premiums shall be charged as follows:
321	1. Fifty percent Rate on Line multiplied by the FORA
322	insurer's FORA layer 1 limit.
323	2. Fifty-five percent Rate on Line multiplied by the FORA
324	insurer's FORA layer 2 limit.
325	3. Sixty percent Rate on Line multiplied by the FORA
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326	insurer's FORA layer 3 limit.
327	4. Sixty-five percent Rate on Line multiplied by the FORA
328	insurer's FORA layer 4 limit.
329	(b) Initial FORA premiums shall be based on the 2023 FHCF
330	projected industry retention, FHCF retention multiples, 2022 RAP
331	qualification ratio, and insurers' 2022 FHCF premiums. Final
332	FORA premiums will be adjusted after December 31, 2023, based on
333	December 31, 2023, FHCF premiums, FHCF industry retention, the
334	2023 RAP qualification ratio and insurers' 2023 FHCF premiums.
335	(c) Failure to pay the initial FORA premium in full by
336	July 1, 2023, shall result in disqualification as a FORA
337	insurer. The final FORA premium will be due no later than March
338	<u>1, 2024.</u>
339	(6) CLAIMS-PAYING CAPACITYFORA shall not affect the
340	claims-paying capacity of the FHCF as provided in s.
341	215.555(4)(c)1.
342	(7) INSOLVENCY OF FORA INSURER
343	(a) The FORA reimbursement contract must provide that in
344	the event of an insolvency of a FORA insurer, the board shall
345	pay reimbursements directly to the applicable state guaranty
346	fund for the benefit of policyholders in this state of the FORA
347	insurer.
348	(b) If an authorized insurer or the Citizens Property
349	Insurance Corporation accepts an assignment of an unsound
350	insurer's FORA reimbursement contract, the board shall apply the

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351	unsound insurer's FORA reimbursement contract to such policies
352	and treat the authorized insurer or the Citizens Property
353	Insurance Corporation as if it were the unsound insurer for the
354	remaining term of the FORA reimbursement contract, with all
355	rights and duties of the unsound insurer beginning on the date
356	it provides coverage for such policies. This paragraph may not
357	be construed to limit the board's right to receive the premium
358	due under the Unsound insurer's FORA reimbursement contract.
359	(8) VIOLATIONS.—Any violation of this section or of rules
360	adopted under this section constitutes a violation of the
361	<u>Florida Insurance Code.</u>
362	(9) LEGAL PROCEEDINGS The board may take any action
363	necessary to enforce the rules, provisions, and requirements of
364	the FORA reimbursement contract under this section.
365	(10) RULEMAKING The board may adopt rules to implement
366	this section. In addition, the board may adopt emergency rules
367	pursuant to s. 120.54(4) at any time as are necessary to
368	implement this section for the 2023-2024 fiscal year. The
369	Legislature finds that such emergency rulemaking power is
370	necessary in order to address a critical need in the state's
371	problematic property insurance market. The Legislature further
372	finds that the uniquely short timeframe needed to effectively
373	implement this section for the 2023-2024 fiscal year requires
374	that the board adopt rules as quickly as practicable. Therefore,
375	in adopting such emergency rules, the board need not make the
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376	findings required by s. 120.54(4)(a). Emergency rules adopted
377	under this section are exempt from s. 120.54(4)(c) and shall
378	remain in effect until replaced by rules adopted under the
379	nonemergency rulemaking procedures of chapter 120, which must
380	occur no later than December 31, 2023.
381	(11) APPROPRIATION
382	(a) Within 60 days after a covered event, the board shall
383	submit written notice to the Executive Office of the Governor if
384	the board determines that funds from FORA coverage established
385	by this section will be necessary to reimburse FORA insurers for
386	losses associated with the covered event. The initial notice,
387	and any subsequent requests, must specify the amount necessary
388	to provide FORA reimbursements. Upon receiving such notice, the
389	Executive Office of the Governor shall instruct the Chief
390	Financial Officer to draw a warrant from the General Revenue
391	Fund for a transfer to the board for FORA in the amount
392	requested. The Executive Office of the Governor shall provide
393	written notification to the chair and vice chair of the
394	Legislative Budget Commission at least 3 days before the
395	effective date of the warrant. Cumulative transfers authorized
396	under this paragraph may not exceed \$1 billion.
397	(b) Upon this act becoming a law, the Executive Office of
398	the Governor shall instruct the Chief Financial Officer to draw
399	a warrant from the General Revenue Fund for a transfer of $\$2$
400	million to the board for the implementation and administration
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401	of FORA and post-event examinations for covered events that
402	require FORA coverage. If the board determines additional
403	administrative funds are needed, the board shall submit written
404	notice to the Executive Office of the Governor that funds will
405	be necessary for the implementation and administration of FORA
406	and post-event examinations for covered events that require FORA
407	coverage. The notice must specify the amount necessary for
408	administration of FORA and post-event examinations. Upon
409	receiving such notice, the Executive Office of the Governor
410	shall instruct the Chief Financial Officer to draw a warrant
411	from the General Revenue Fund for a transfer to the board for
412	FORA in the amount requested. The Executive Office of the
413	Governor shall provide written notification to the chair and
414	vice chair of the Legislative Budget Commission at least 3 days
415	before the effective date of the warrant. Cumulative transfers
416	authorized under this paragraph may not exceed \$6 million.
417	(c) If a covered event occurs that triggers reimbursements
418	under FORA, no later than January 31, 2024, and quarterly
419	thereafter, the board shall submit a report to the Executive
420	Office of the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the
421	Speaker of the House of Representatives detailing any
422	reimbursements of FORA, all premiums collected, all loss
423	development projections, and detailed information about
424	administrative and post-event examination activities and
425	expenditures.

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426	(12) EXPIRATION DATEIf no general revenue funds have
427	been transferred to the board for FORA under subsection (11) by
428	June 30, 2026, this section expires on July 1, 2026. If general
429	revenue funds have been transferred to the board for FORA under
430	subsection (11) by June 30, 2026, this section expires on July
431	1, 2030, and all unencumbered funds collected under this section
432	shall be transferred by the board back to the General Revenue
433	Fund unallocated.
434	Section 2. Section 624.1551, Florida Statutes, is amended
435	to read:
436	624.1551 Civil remedy actions against property insurers
437	Notwithstanding any provision of s. 624.155 <u>to the contrary, in</u>
438	any claim for extracontractual damages under s. 624.155(1)(b),
439	no action shall lie until a named or omnibus insured or a named
440	beneficiary has established through an adverse adjudication by a
441	<u>court of law</u> a claimant must establish that the property insurer
442	breached the insurance contract and a final judgment or decree
443	has been rendered against the insurer. Acceptance of an offer of
444	judgment under s. 768.79 or the payment of an appraisal award
445	does not constitute an adverse adjudication under this section.
446	The difference between an insurer's appraiser's final estimate
447	and the appraisal award may be evidence of bad faith to prevail
448	in a claim for extracontractual damages under s. 624.155(1)(b),
449	but is not deemed an adverse adjudication under this section and
450	does not, on its own, give rise to a cause of action.

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451 Section 3. Subsection (7) is added to section 624.3161, 452 Florida Statutes, to read: 453 624.3161 Market conduct examinations.-454 (7) Notwithstanding subsection (1), any authorized insurer 455 transacting property insurance business in this state may be 456 subject to an additional market conduct examination after a hurricane <u>if the insurer</u>: 457 458 (a) Is among the top 20 percent of insurers based upon a 459 calculation of the ratio of hurricane-related property insurance 460 claims filed to the number of property insurance policies in 461 force; 462 (b) Is among the top 20 percent of insurers based upon a 463 calculation of the ratio of consumer complaints made to the 464 department to hurricane-related claims; (c) Has made significant payments to its managing general 465 466 agent since the hurricane; or 467 (d) Is identified by the office as necessitating a market 468 conduct exam for any other reason. 469 470 All relevant criteria under this section and s. 624.316 shall be applied to the market conduct examination under this subsection. 471 Such an examination must be initiated within 18 months after the 472 473 landfall of a hurricane that results in an executive order or a 474 state of emergency issued by the Governor. An examination of an 475 insurer under this subsection must also include an examination

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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476	of its managing general agent as if it were the insurer.
477	Section 4. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section
478	624.418, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
479	624.418 Suspension, revocation of certificate of authority
480	for violations and special grounds
481	(2) The office may, in its discretion, suspend or revoke
482	the certificate of authority of an insurer if it finds that the
483	insurer:
484	(c) Has for any line, class, or combination thereof, with
485	such frequency as to indicate its general business practice in
486	this state, without just cause <u>:</u>
487	<u>1.</u> Refused to pay proper claims arising under its
488	policies, whether any such claim is in favor of an insured or is
489	in favor of a third person with respect to the liability of an
490	insured to such third person, or without just cause compels such
491	insureds or claimants to accept less than the amount due them or
492	to employ attorneys or to bring suit against the insurer or such
493	an insured to secure full payment or settlement of such claims <u>;</u>
494	or
495	2. Compelled insureds to participate in appraisal under a
496	property insurance policy in order to secure full payment or
497	settlement of such claims.
498	Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section
499	624.424, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
500	624.424 Annual statement and other information
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501	(10)(a) Each insurer or insurer group doing business in
502	this state shall file on a quarterly basis in conjunction with
503	financial reports required by paragraph (1)(a) a supplemental
504	report on an individual and group basis on a form prescribed by
505	the commission with information on personal lines and commercial
506	lines residential property insurance policies in this state. The
507	supplemental report shall include separate information for
508	personal lines property policies and for commercial lines
509	property policies and totals for each item specified, including
510	premiums written for each of the property lines of business as
511	described in ss. 215.555(2)(c) and 627.351(6)(a). The report
512	shall include the following information for each county on a
513	monthly basis:
514	1. Total number of policies in force at the end of each
515	month.
516	2. Total number of policies canceled.
517	3. Total number of policies nonrenewed.
518	4. Number of policies canceled due to hurricane risk.
519	5. Number of policies nonrenewed due to hurricane risk.
520	6. Number of new policies written.
521	7. Total dollar value of structure exposure under policies
522	that include wind coverage.
523	8. Number of policies that exclude wind coverage.
524	9. Number of claims open each month.
525	10. Number of claims closed each month.
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526 11. Number of claims pending each month. 527 Number of claims in which either the insurer or 12. 528 insured invoked any form of alternative dispute resolution, and 529 specifying which form of alternative dispute resolution was 530 used. 531 Section 6. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 626.9373, 532 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 533 626.9373 Attorney fees.-534 Except as provided in subsection (3), upon the (1)535 rendition of a judgment or decree by any court of this state 536 against a surplus lines insurer in favor of any named or omnibus 537 insured or the named beneficiary under a policy or contract 538 executed by the insurer on or after the effective date of this 539 act, the trial court or, if the insured or beneficiary prevails 540 on appeal, the appellate court, shall adjudge or decree against 541 the insurer in favor of the insured or beneficiary a reasonable 542 sum as fees or compensation for the insured's or beneficiary's 543 attorney prosecuting the lawsuit for which recovery is awarded. 544 -arising under a residential or commercial In a suit -property 545 insurance policy, the amount of reasonable attorney fees shall 546 be awarded only as provided in s. 57.105 or s. 627.70152, as 547 applicable. 548 (3) In a suit arising under a residential or commercial 549 property insurance policy, there is no the right to attorney fees under this section may not be transferred to, assigned to, 550

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551	or acquired in any other manner by anyone other than a named or
552	omnibus insured or a named beneficiary.
553	Section 7. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section
554	626.9541, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
555	626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or
556	deceptive acts or practices defined
557	(1) UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE
558	ACTSThe following are defined as unfair methods of competition
559	and unfair or deceptive acts or practices:
560	(i) Unfair claim settlement practices
561	1. Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an
562	application, when serving as a binder or intended to become a
563	part of the policy, or any other material document which was
564	altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the
565	insured;
566	2. A material misrepresentation made to an insured or any
567	other person having an interest in the proceeds payable under
568	such contract or policy, for the purpose and with the intent of
569	effecting settlement of such claims, loss, or damage under such
570	contract or policy on less favorable terms than those provided
571	in, and contemplated by, such contract or policy;
572	3. Committing or performing with such frequency as to
573	indicate a general business practice any of the following:
574	a. Failing to adopt and implement standards for the proper
575	investigation of claims;
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576 Misrepresenting pertinent facts or insurance policy b. 577 provisions relating to coverages at issue; 578 Failing to acknowledge and act promptly upon с. communications with respect to claims; 579 580 Denying claims without conducting reasonable d. 581 investigations based upon available information; 582 Failing to affirm or deny full or partial coverage of e. 583 claims, and, as to partial coverage, the dollar amount or extent 584 of coverage, or failing to provide a written statement that the 585 claim is being investigated, upon the written request of the 586 insured within 30 days after proof-of-loss statements have been 587 completed; 588 f. Failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation in 589 writing to the insured of the basis in the insurance policy, in 590 relation to the facts or applicable law, for denial of a claim 591 or for the offer of a compromise settlement; 592 Failing to promptly notify the insured of any q. 593 additional information necessary for the processing of a claim; 594 Failing to clearly explain the nature of the requested h. 595 information and the reasons why such information is necessary; 596 or 597 Failing to pay personal injury protection insurance i. 598 claims within the time periods required by s. 627.736(4)(b). The 599 office may order the insurer to pay restitution to a policyholder, medical provider, or other claimant, including 600 Page 24 of 123

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601 interest at a rate consistent with the amount set forth in s. 602 55.03(1), for the time period within which an insurer fails to 603 pay claims as required by law. Restitution is in addition to any 604 other penalties allowed by law, including, but not limited to, 605 the suspension of the insurer's certificate of authority; or 606 Failing to pay undisputed amounts of partial or full 4. 607 benefits owed under first-party property insurance policies within 60 90 days after an insurer receives notice of a 608 609 residential property insurance claim, determines the amounts of partial or full benefits, and agrees to coverage, unless payment 610 of the undisputed benefits is prevented by factors beyond the 611 612 control of the insurer as defined in s. 627.70131(5) an act of 613 God, prevented by the impossibility of performance, or due to 614 actions by the insured or claimant that constitute fraud, lack 615 of cooperation, or intentional misrepresentation regarding the 616 claim for which benefits are owed. 617 Section 8. Effective January 1, 2023, paragraphs (b), (c), 618 (n), (o), (p), (q), (v), (w), (aa), and (ii) of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph 619 620 (kk) is added to that subsection, to read: 621 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.-(6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. -622 (b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more subject 623 624 lines of business in this state are subject to assessment by the 625 corporation and, for the purposes of this subsection, are Page 25 of 123

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626 referred to collectively as "assessable insurers." Insurers 627 writing one or more subject lines of business in this state 628 pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are not assessable 629 insurers; however, insureds who procure one or more subject 630 lines of business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 631 626 are subject to assessment by the corporation and are 632 referred to collectively as "assessable insureds." An insurer's 633 assessment liability begins on the first day of the calendar 634 year following the year in which the insurer was issued a 635 certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject lines 636 of business in this state and terminates 1 year after the end of 637 the first calendar year during which the insurer no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject 638 639 lines of business in this state.

640 2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and
641 expenses of the corporation shall be divided into three separate
642 accounts as follows:

(I) A personal lines account for personal residential policies issued by the corporation which provides comprehensive, multiperil coverage on risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas;

650

(II) A commercial lines account for commercial residential

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and commercial nonresidential policies issued by the corporation which provides coverage for basic property perils on risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas; and

658 (III) A coastal account for personal residential policies 659 and commercial residential and commercial nonresidential 660 property policies issued by the corporation which provides 661 coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in 662 areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm 663 Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 664 1, 2002. The corporation may offer policies that provide 665 multiperil coverage and shall offer policies that provide 666 coverage only for the peril of wind for risks located in areas 667 eligible for coverage in the coastal account. Effective July 1, 668 2014, the corporation shall cease offering new commercial 669 residential policies providing multiperil coverage and shall 670 instead continue to offer commercial residential wind-only 671 policies, and may offer commercial residential policies 672 excluding wind. The corporation may, however, continue to renew 673 a commercial residential multiperil policy on a building that is 674 insured by the corporation on June 30, 2014, under a multiperil policy. In issuing multiperil coverage, the corporation may use 675

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676 its approved policy forms and rates for the personal lines 677 account. An applicant or insured who is eligible to purchase a 678 multiperil policy from the corporation may purchase a multiperil policy from an authorized insurer without prejudice to the 679 680 applicant's or insured's eligibility to prospectively purchase a 681 policy that provides coverage only for the peril of wind from 682 the corporation. An applicant or insured who is eligible for a 683 corporation policy that provides coverage only for the peril of 684 wind may elect to purchase or retain such policy and also 685 purchase or retain coverage excluding wind from an authorized insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or insured's 686 687 eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides 688 multiperil coverage from the corporation. It is the goal of the 689 Legislature that there be an overall average savings of 10 690 percent or more for a policyholder who currently has a wind-only 691 policy with the corporation, and an ex-wind policy with a 692 voluntary insurer or the corporation, and who obtains a 693 multiperil policy from the corporation. It is the intent of the 694 Legislature that the offer of multiperil coverage in the coastal 695 account be made and implemented in a manner that does not 696 adversely affect the tax-exempt status of the corporation or 697 creditworthiness of or security for currently outstanding 698 financing obligations or credit facilities of the coastal 699 account, the personal lines account, or the commercial lines account. The coastal account must also include quota share 700

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701 primary insurance under subparagraph (c)2. The area eligible for 702 coverage under the coastal account also includes the area within 703 Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by the City of 704 Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana River, and 705 bordered on the north by Federal Government property.

706 b. The three separate accounts must be maintained as long 707 as financing obligations entered into by the Florida Windstorm 708 Underwriting Association or Residential Property and Casualty 709 Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in accordance 710 with the terms of the corresponding financing documents. If no such financing obligations remain outstanding or if the 711 712 financing documents allow for combining of accounts, the 713 corporation may consolidate the three separate accounts into a 714 new account, to be known as the Citizens account, for all 715 revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the 716 corporation. The Citizens account, if established by the 717 corporation, is authorized to provide coverage to the same 718 extent as provided under each of the three separate accounts. 719 The authority to provide coverage under the Citizens account is set forth in subparagraph 4. If the financing obligations are no 720 721 longer outstanding, the corporation may use a single account for 722 all revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the 723 corporation. Consistent with this subparagraph and prudent 724 investment policies that minimize the cost of carrying debt, the 725 board shall exercise its best efforts to retire existing debt or

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obtain the approval of necessary parties to amend the terms of existing debt, so as to structure the most efficient plan for consolidating the three separate accounts into a single account. <u>Once the accounts are combined into one account, this</u> <u>subparagraph and subparagraph 3. shall be replaced in their</u> entirety by subparagraphs 4. and 5.

732 с. Creditors of the Residential Property and Casualty 733 Joint Underwriting Association and the accounts specified in 734 sub-sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II) may have a claim against, 735 and recourse to, those accounts and no claim against, or 736 recourse to, the account referred to in sub-subparagraph 737 a.(III). Creditors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 738 Association have a claim against, and recourse to, the account 739 referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III) and no claim 740 against, or recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-sub-741 subparagraphs a.(I) and (II).

742 d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses not
743 attributable to particular accounts shall be prorated among the
744 accounts.

e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the
corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the
requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance of
bonds under this subsection.

749 f. The income of the corporation may not inure to the750 benefit of any private person.

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3. With respect to a deficit in an account:

752 a. After accounting for the Citizens policyholder
753 surcharge imposed under sub-subparagraph i., if the remaining
754 projected deficit incurred in the coastal account in a
755 particular calendar year:

(I) Is not greater than 2 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year, the entire deficit shall be recovered through regular assessments of assessable insurers under paragraph (q) and assessable insureds.

761 (II)Exceeds 2 percent of the aggregate statewide direct 762 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior 763 calendar year, the corporation shall levy regular assessments on 764 assessable insurers under paragraph (q) and on assessable 765 insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 2 percent of the 766 projected deficit or 2 percent of the aggregate statewide direct 767 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior 768 calendar year. Any remaining projected deficit shall be 769 recovered through emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph 770 e. d.

b. Each assessable insurer's share of the amount being assessed under sub-subparagraph a. must be in the proportion that the assessable insurer's direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the year preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the

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776 subject lines of business for that year. The assessment 777 percentage applicable to each assessable insured is the ratio of 778 the amount being assessed under sub-subparagraph a. to the 779 aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines 780 of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by the 781 corporation on assessable insurers under sub-subparagraph a. 782 must be paid as required by the corporation's plan of operation 783 and paragraph (q). Assessments levied by the corporation on 784 assessable insureds under sub-subparagraph a. shall be collected 785 by the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus lines agent 786 collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932, and paid 787 to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the 788 surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to that office. 789 Upon receipt of regular assessments from surplus lines agents, 790 the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall transfer the 791 assessments directly to the corporation as determined by the 792 corporation. 793 The corporation may not levy regular assessments under с. 794 paragraph (q) pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. or sub-795 subparagraph b. if the three separate accounts in sub-sub-796 subparagraphs 2.a.(I)-(III) have been consolidated into the 797 Citizens account pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.b. However, the 798 outstanding balance of any regular assessment levied by the 799 corporation before establishment of the Citizens account remains 800 payable to the corporation.

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<u>d.</u> After accounting for the Citizens policyholder
 surcharge imposed under sub-subparagraph <u>j. i.</u>, the remaining
 projected deficits in the personal lines account and in the
 commercial lines account in a particular calendar year shall be
 recovered through emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph
 <u>e. d.</u>

807 e.d. Upon a determination by the board of governors that a projected deficit in an account exceeds the amount that is 808 809 expected to be recovered through regular assessments under subsubparagraph a., plus the amount that is expected to be 810 811 recovered through surcharges under sub-subparagraph j. i_{-} , the 812 board, after verification by the office, shall levy emergency 813 assessments for as many years as necessary to cover the 814 deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers and the 815 corporation and collected from assessable insureds upon issuance 816 or renewal of policies for subject lines of business, excluding 817 National Flood Insurance policies. The amount collected in a 818 particular year must be a uniform percentage of that year's 819 direct written premium for subject lines of business and all 820 accounts of the corporation, excluding National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and 821 verified by the office. The office shall verify the arithmetic 822 823 calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 824 days after receipt of the information on which the determination 825 was based. The office shall notify assessable insurers and the

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826 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office of the date on which 827 assessable insurers shall begin to collect and assessable 828 insureds shall begin to pay such assessment. The date must be at 829 least 90 days after the date the corporation levies emergency 830 assessments pursuant to this sub-subparagraph. Notwithstanding 831 any other provision of law, the corporation and each assessable 832 insurer that writes subject lines of business shall collect 833 emergency assessments from its policyholders without such 834 obligation being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, 835 or deferment. Emergency assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds shall be collected by the surplus lines 836 837 agent at the time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932 and paid to the Florida Surplus 838 839 Lines Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays 840 the surplus lines tax to that office. The emergency assessments 841 collected shall be transferred directly to the corporation on a 842 periodic basis as determined by the corporation and held by the 843 corporation solely in the applicable account. The aggregate 844 amount of emergency assessments levied for an account in any 845 calendar year may be less than but may not exceed the greater of 846 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the deficit, plus 847 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs 848 associated with financing the original deficit, or 10 percent of 849 the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business and all accounts of the corporation for the prior 850

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851 year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and 852 other costs associated with financing the deficit.

853 f.e. The corporation may pledge the proceeds of 854 assessments, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane 855 Catastrophe Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, 856 policyholder surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds 857 available to the corporation as the source of revenue for and to 858 secure bonds issued under paragraph (q), bonds or other 859 indebtedness issued under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit 860 or other financing mechanisms issued or created under this 861 subsection, or to retire any other debt incurred as a result of 862 deficits or events giving rise to deficits, or in any other way 863 that the board determines will efficiently recover such 864 deficits. The purpose of the lines of credit or other financing 865 mechanisms is to provide additional resources to assist the 866 corporation in covering claims and expenses attributable to a 867 catastrophe. As used in this subsection, the term "assessments" 868 includes regular assessments under sub-subparagraph a. or 869 subparagraph (q)1. and emergency assessments under sub-870 subparagraph e. d. Emergency assessments collected under sub-871 subparagraph e. d. are not part of an insurer's rates, are not 872 premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or 873 commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment 874 shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The emergency assessments shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other 875

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876 indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the 877 assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate 878 provision has been made for the payment of such bonds or other 879 indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such bonds or 880 indebtedness.

881 q.f. As used in this subsection for purposes of any 882 deficit incurred on or after January 25, 2007, the term "subject 883 lines of business" means insurance written by assessable 884 insurers or procured by assessable insureds for all property and 885 casualty lines of business in this state, but not including 886 workers' compensation or medical malpractice. As used in this 887 sub-subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of 888 business" includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, 889 Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required 890 of authorized insurers under s. 624.424 and any rule adopted 891 under this section, except for those lines identified as 892 accident and health insurance and except for policies written 893 under the National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop 894 Insurance Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the 895 term "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation 896 insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance.

897 <u>h.g.</u> The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall
898 determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in
899 subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and
900 report that information to the corporation in a form and at a

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901 time the corporation specifies to ensure that the corporation 902 can meet the requirements of this subsection and the 903 corporation's financing obligations.

<u>i.h.</u> The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify
 the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment
 percentages for regular assessments and emergency assessments
 levied under this subparagraph on assessable insureds and assist
 the corporation in ensuring the accurate, timely collection and
 payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as required by
 the corporation.

911 <u>j.i.</u> Upon determination by the board of governors that an 912 account has a projected deficit, the board shall levy a Citizens 913 policyholder surcharge against all policyholders of the 914 corporation.

915 (I) The surcharge shall be levied as a uniform percentage
916 of the premium for the policy of up to 15 percent of such
917 premium, which funds shall be used to offset the deficit.

918 (II) The surcharge is payable upon cancellation or 919 termination of the policy, upon renewal of the policy, or upon 920 issuance of a new policy by the corporation within the first 12 921 months after the date of the levy or the period of time 922 necessary to fully collect the surcharge amount.

923 (III) The corporation may not levy any regular assessments
924 under paragraph (q) pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. or sub925 subparagraph b. with respect to a particular year's deficit

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926 until the corporation has first levied the full amount of the 927 surcharge authorized by this sub-subparagraph.

928 (IV) The surcharge is not considered premium and is not
929 subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes. However, failure
930 to pay the surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium.

931 $k. - \frac{1}{2}$. If the amount of any assessments or surcharges 932 collected from corporation policyholders, assessable insurers or 933 their policyholders, or assessable insureds exceeds the amount 934 of the deficits, such excess amounts shall be remitted to and 935 retained by the corporation in a reserve to be used by the 936 corporation, as determined by the board of governors and 937 approved by the office, to pay claims or reduce any past, 938 present, or future plan-year deficits or to reduce outstanding 939 debt.

940 4. The Citizens account, if established by the corporation 941 pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.b., is authorized to provide: 942 a. Personal residential policies that provide 943 comprehensive, multiperil coverage on risks that are not located 944 in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm 945 Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide coverage for the 946 947 peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas; 948 b. Commercial residential and commercial nonresidential 949 policies that provide coverage for basic property perils on 950 risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage by the

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951	Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as those areas were	
952	defined on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide	
953	coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such	
954	areas; and	
955	c. Personal residential policies and commercial	
956	residential and commercial nonresidential property policies that	
957	provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located	
958	in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm	
959	Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January	
960	1, 2002. The corporation may offer policies that provide	
961	multiperil coverage and shall offer policies that provide	
962	coverage only for the peril of wind for risks located in areas	
963	eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting	
964	Association, as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. The	
965	corporation may not offer new commercial residential policies	
966	providing multiperil coverage, but shall continue to offer	
967	commercial residential wind-only policies, and may offer	
968	commercial residential policies excluding wind. However, the	
969	corporation may continue to renew a commercial residential	
970	multiperil policy on a building that was insured by the	
971	corporation on June 30, 2014, under a multiperil policy. In	
972	issuing multiperil coverage under this sub-subparagraph, the	
973	corporation may use its approved policy forms and rates for	
974	risks located in areas not eligible for coverage by the Florida	
975	Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined	
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976	on January 1, 2002, and for policies that do not provide
977	coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in such
978	areas. An applicant or insured who is eligible to purchase a
979	multiperil policy from the corporation may purchase a multiperil
980	policy from an authorized insurer without prejudice to the
981	applicant's or insured's eligibility to prospectively purchase a
982	policy that provides coverage only for the peril of wind from
983	the corporation. An applicant or insured who is eligible for a
984	corporation policy that provides coverage only for the peril of
985	wind may elect to purchase or retain such policy and also
986	purchase or retain coverage excluding wind from an authorized
987	insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or insured's
988	eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides
989	multiperil coverage from the corporation. The following
990	policies, which provide coverage only for the peril of wind,
991	must also include quota share primary insurance under
992	subparagraph (c)2.: Personal residential policies and commercial
993	residential and commercial nonresidential property policies that
994	provide coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located
995	in areas eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm
996	Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January
997	1, 2002; policies that provide multiperil coverage, if offered
998	by the corporation, and policies that provide coverage only for
999	the peril of wind for risks located in areas eligible for
1000	coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association, as

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1026	to pay the surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium.
1027	b. After accounting for the Citizens policyholder
1028	surcharge imposed under sub-subparagraph a., the remaining
1029	projected deficit incurred in the Citizens account in a
1030	particular calendar year shall be recovered through emergency
1031	assessments under sub-subparagraph c.
1032	c. Upon a determination by the board of governors that a
1033	projected deficit in the Citizens account exceeds the amount
1034	that is expected to be recovered through surcharges under sub-
1035	subparagraph a., the board, after verification by the office,
1036	shall levy emergency assessments for as many years as necessary
1037	to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers
1038	and the corporation and collected from assessable insureds upon
1039	issuance or renewal of policies for subject lines of business,
1040	excluding National Flood Insurance Program policies. The amount
1041	collected in a particular year must be a uniform percentage of
1042	that year's direct written premium for subject lines of business
1043	and the Citizens account, National Flood Insurance Program
1044	policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and
1045	verified by the office. The office shall verify the arithmetic
1046	calculations involved in the board's determination within 30
1047	days after receipt of the information on which the determination
1048	was based. The office shall notify assessable insurers and the
1049	Florida Surplus Lines Service Office of the date on which
1050	assessable insurers shall begin to collect and assessable
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1051	insureds shall begin to pay such assessment. The date must be at
1052	least 90 days after the date the corporation levies emergency
1053	assessments pursuant to this sub-subparagraph. Notwithstanding
1054	any other law, the corporation and each assessable insurer that
1055	writes subject lines of business shall collect emergency
1056	assessments from its policyholders without such obligation being
1057	affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment.
1058	Emergency assessments levied by the corporation on assessable
1059	insureds shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the
1060	time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax
1061	required by s. 626.932 and paid to the Florida Surplus Lines
1062	Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the
1063	surplus lines tax to that office. The emergency assessments
1064	collected shall be transferred directly to the corporation on a
1065	periodic basis as determined by the corporation and held by the
1066	corporation solely in the Citizens account. The aggregate amount
1067	of emergency assessments levied for the Citizens account in any
1068	calendar year may be less than, but may not exceed the greater
1069	of, 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the deficit, plus
1070	interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs
1071	associated with financing the original deficit or 10 percent of
1072	the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines
1073	of business and the Citizens accounts for the prior year, plus
1074	interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs
1075	associated with financing the deficit.
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1076	d. The corporation may pledge the proceeds of assessments,
1077	projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
1078	Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, policyholder
1079	surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds available to
1080	the corporation as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds
1081	issued under paragraph (q), bonds or other indebtedness issued
1082	under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing
1083	mechanisms issued or created under this subsection; or to retire
1084	any other debt incurred as a result of deficits or events giving
1085	rise to deficits, or in any other way that the board determines
1086	will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines
1087	of credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional
1088	resources to assist the corporation in covering claims and
1089	expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this
1090	subsection, the term "assessments" includes emergency
1091	assessments under sub-subparagraph c. Emergency assessments
1092	collected under sub-subparagraph c. are not part of an insurer's
1093	rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax,
1094	fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency
1095	assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The
1096	emergency assessments shall continue as long as any bonds issued
1097	or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for
1098	which the assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless
1099	adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds
1100	or other indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such

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1101	bonds or indebtedness.
1102	e. As used in this subsection and for purposes of any
1103	deficit incurred on or after January 25, 2007, the term "subject
1104	lines of business" means insurance written by assessable
1105	insurers or procured by assessable insureds for all property and
1106	casualty lines of business in this state, but not including
1107	workers' compensation or medical malpractice. As used in this
1108	sub-subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of
1109	business" includes all lines of business identified on Form 2,
1110	Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required
1111	of authorized insurers under s. 624.424 and any rule adopted
1112	under this section, except for those lines identified as
1113	accident and health insurance and except for policies written
1114	under the National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop
1115	Insurance Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the
1116	term "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation
1117	insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance.
1118	f. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall annually
1119	determine the aggregate statewide written premium in subject
1120	lines of business procured by assessable insureds and report
1121	that information to the corporation in a form and at a time the
1122	corporation specifies to ensure that the corporation can meet
1123	the requirements of this subsection and the corporation's
1124	financing obligations.
1125	g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify
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1126	the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment
1127	percentages for emergency assessments levied under this
1128	subparagraph on assessable insureds and assist the corporation
1129	in ensuring the accurate, timely collection and payment of
1130	assessments by surplus lines agents as required by the
1131	corporation.
1132	h. If the amount of any assessments or surcharges
1133	collected from corporation policyholders, assessable insurers or
1134	their policyholders, or assessable insureds exceeds the amount
1135	of the deficits, such excess amounts shall be remitted to and
1136	retained by the corporation in a reserve to be used by the
1137	corporation, as determined by the board of governors and
1138	approved by the office, to pay claims or reduce any past,
1139	present, or future plan-year deficits or to reduce outstanding
1140	debt.
1141	(c) The corporation's plan of operation:
1142	1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and
1143	casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and
1144	nonresidential property insurance forms, which must be approved
1145	by the office before use. The corporation shall adopt the
1146	following policy forms:
1147	a. Standard personal lines policy forms that are
1148	comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a
1149	residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the
1150	private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy.
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b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which is more limited than the coverage under a standard policy.

1156 c. Commercial lines residential and nonresidential policy 1157 forms that are generally similar to the basic perils of full 1158 coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures and 1159 commercial nonresidential structures in the admitted voluntary 1160 market.

d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to residential properties located in areas eligible for coverage <u>by the Florida Windstorm</u> <u>Underwriting Association, as those areas were defined on January</u> <u>1, 2002</u> under the coastal account referred to in subsubparagraph (b)2.a.

e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas eligible for coverage <u>by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting</u> <u>Association, as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002</u> <u>under the coastal account referred to in sub-subparagraph</u> (b)2.a.

1175

f. The corporation may adopt variations of the policy

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1176 forms listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-e. which contain more 1177 restrictive coverage.

1178 g. Effective January 1, 2013, The corporation shall offer 1179 a basic personal lines policy similar to an HO-8 policy with 1180 dwelling repair based on common construction materials and 1181 methods.

2. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the peril of wind only.

1188

a. As used in this subsection, the term:

"Quota share primary insurance" means an arrangement 1189 (I)in which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is 1190 1191 provided in specified percentages by the corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are 1192 1193 each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane 1194 coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share 1195 primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an 1196 authorized insurer and the insurance contract. The 1197 responsibility of the corporation or authorized insurer to pay 1198 its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible 1199 risk, as set forth in the agreement, may not be altered by the inability of the other party to pay its specified percentage of 1200

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1201 losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane coverage 1202 through a quota share primary insurance arrangement must be 1203 provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of the 1204 corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, 1205 clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance 1206 provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and 1207 conspicuously and clearly state that the authorized insurer and 1208 the corporation may not be held responsible beyond their 1209 specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses.

(II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002.

b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary
insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation
coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

1218 c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage 1219 levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share 1220 primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the 1221 corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However, 1222 the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level 1223 may not exceed 90 percent.

1224 d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered 1225 into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must

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1226 provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of 1227 hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the 1228 corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized 1229 insurer covered under the agreement.

e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is subject to review and approval by the office. However, such agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance contracts entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is already insured by the corporation for wind coverage.

1236 f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share 1237 primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels 1238 for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be 1239 reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 1240 Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under such 1241 agreements, the corporation and the authorized insurer must 1242 maintain complete and accurate records for the purpose of 1243 exposure and loss reimbursement audits as required by fund 1244 rules. The corporation and the authorized insurer shall each 1245 maintain duplicate copies of policy declaration pages and 1246 supporting claims documents.

1247 g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of 1248 operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that 1249 there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the 1250 terms of the agreements, pricing of the agreements, incentive

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1251 provisions if any, and consideration paid for servicing policies 1252 or adjusting claims.

1253 The quota share primary insurance agreement between the h. 1254 corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the 1255 specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but 1256 not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under 1257 the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer 1258 producing the business, the reporting of information concerning 1259 eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and 1260 arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims 1261 incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing 1262 1263 insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized 1264 insurer is voluntary and at the discretion of the authorized 1265 insurer.

1266 3. May provide that the corporation may employ or 1267 otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide 1268 administrative or professional services that may be appropriate 1269 to effectuate the plan. The corporation may borrow funds by 1270 issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall have 1271 other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements 1272 of this subsection, including, without limitation, the power to 1273 issue bonds and incur other indebtedness in order to refinance 1274 outstanding bonds or other indebtedness. The corporation may seek judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness 1275

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1276 under chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other 1277 indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of 1278 local government pursuant to subparagraph (q)2. in the absence 1279 of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a 1280 determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the 1281 office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the 1282 financial obligations of the corporation and that such 1283 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the 1284 requirements of this subsection. The corporation may take all 1285 actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for such bonds or 1286 indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other affiliated 1287 entities. The corporation may pledge assessments, projected 1288 recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other 1289 reinsurance recoverables, policyholder surcharges and other 1290 surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation as 1291 security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment 1292 1293 of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature 1294 that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond 1295 indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed 1296 by contract to such bond or other indebtedness.

4. Must require that the corporation operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting of nine individuals who are residents of this state and who are from different geographical areas of the state, one of whom is

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1301	appointed by the Governor and serves solely to advocate on
1302	behalf of the consumer. The appointment of a consumer
1303	representative by the Governor is deemed to be within the scope
1304	of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b) and is in addition
1305	to the appointments authorized under sub-subparagraph a.
1306	a. The Governor, the Chief Financial Officer, the
1307	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
1308	Representatives shall each appoint two members of the board. At
1309	least one of the two members appointed by each appointing
1310	officer must have demonstrated expertise in insurance and be
1311	deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s.
1312	112.313(7)(b). The Chief Financial Officer shall designate one
1313	of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the
1314	pleasure of the appointing officer. All members of the board are
1315	subject to removal at will by the officers who appointed them.
1316	All board members, including the chair, must be appointed to
1317	serve for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date designated
1318	by the plan. However, for the first term beginning on or after
1319	July 1, 2009, each appointing officer shall appoint one member
1320	of the board for a 2-year term and one member for a 3-year term.
1321	A board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the
1322	appointing officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall appoint a
1323	technical advisory group to provide information and advice to
1324	the board in connection with the board's duties under this
1325	subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the

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1326 corporation shall be engaged by the board and serve at the 1327 pleasure of the board. Any executive director appointed on or 1328 after July 1, 2006, is subject to confirmation by the Senate. 1329 The executive director is responsible for employing other staff 1330 as the corporation may require, subject to review and 1331 concurrence by the board.

b. The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of its rates and its customer and agent service levels in relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar coverage.

1337 The members of the advisory committee consist of the (I) 1338 following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by the 1339 members of the committee: four representatives, one appointed by 1340 the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by the Florida 1341 Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one by the Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the Latin 1342 American Association of Insurance Agencies; three 1343 1344 representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest 1345 voluntary market share of residential property insurance business in the state; one representative from the Office of 1346 1347 Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who is 1348 insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the 1349 committee; one representative appointed by the Florida Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the 1350

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1351 Florida Bankers Association. All members shall be appointed to1352 3-year terms and may serve for consecutive terms.

(II) The committee shall report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance market issues which may include rates and rate competition with the voluntary market; service, including policy issuance, claims processing, and general responsiveness to policyholders, applicants, and agents; and matters relating to depopulation.

13595. Must provide a procedure for determining the1360eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:

1361 a. Subject to s. 627.3517, with respect to personal lines 1362 residential risks, if the risk is offered coverage from an 1363 authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate under a 1364 standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 1365 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the office, a 1366 basic policy including wind coverage, for a new application to the corporation for coverage, the risk is not eligible for any 1367 1368 policy issued by the corporation unless the premium for coverage 1369 from the authorized insurer is more than 20 percent greater than 1370 the premium for comparable coverage from the corporation. 1371 Whenever an offer of coverage for a personal lines residential 1372 risk is received for a policyholder of the corporation at renewal from an authorized insurer, if the offer is equal to or 1373 1374 less than the corporation's renewal premium for comparable coverage, the risk is not eligible for coverage with the 1375

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corporation for policies that renew before April 1, 2023; for
policies that renew on or after that date, the risk is not
eligible for coverage with the corporation unless the premium
for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 20 percent
greater than the corporation's renewal premium for comparable
coverage. If the risk is not able to obtain such offer, the risk
is eligible for a standard policy including wind coverage or a
basic policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation;
however, if the risk could not be insured under a standard
policy including wind coverage regardless of market conditions,
the risk is eligible for a basic policy including wind coverage
unless rejected under subparagraph 8. However, a policyholder
removed from the corporation through an assumption agreement
remains eligible for coverage from the corporation until the end
of the assumption period. The corporation shall determine the
type of policy to be provided on the basis of objective
standards specified in the underwriting manual and based on
generally accepted underwriting practices. <u>A policyholder</u>
removed from the corporation through an assumption agreement
does not remain eligible for coverage from the corporation after
the end of the policy term. However, any policy removed from the
corporation through an assumption agreement remains on the
corporation's policy forms through the end of the policy term.
(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the

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1401 corporation other than a plan established by s. 627.3518, before 1402 a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the 1403 first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing 1404 agent who submitted the application to the plan or to the 1405 corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the 1406 insurer shall: 1407 (A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy for

the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

1418 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1419 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1420 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall: (A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first

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1426 year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and 1427 customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee 1428 equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; 1429 or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

1435 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1436 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1437 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

1438 b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, for 1439 a new application to the corporation for coverage, if the risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from 1440 1441 an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not eligible for a policy issued by the corporation unless the 1442 1443 premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 20 1444 15 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from 1445 the corporation. Whenever an offer of coverage for a commercial 1446 lines residential risk is received for a policyholder of the 1447 corporation at renewal from an authorized insurer, if the offer 1448 is equal to or less than the corporation's renewal premium for 1449 comparable coverage, the risk is not eligible for coverage with the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the 1450

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1451 authorized insurer is more than 20 percent greater than the 1452 corporation's renewal premium for comparable coverage. If the 1453 risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is eligible 1454 for a policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation. 1455 However, A policyholder removed from the corporation through an 1456 assumption agreement remains eligible for coverage from the 1457 corporation until the end of the policy term. However, any 1458 policy removed from the corporation through an assumption 1459 agreement remains on the corporation's policy forms through the 1460 end of the policy term assumption period.

1461 (I)If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market assistance plan or through a mechanism established by the 1462 1463 corporation other than a plan established by s. 627.3518, before 1464 a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing 1465 1466 agent who submitted the application to the plan or the corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the 1467 1468 insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of thepolicy to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and

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1476 offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the 1477 corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of 1478 policy written.

1480 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1481 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1482 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) If the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record to continue servicing the policy for at least 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

1497 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1498 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1499 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

1500

c. For purposes of determining comparable coverage under

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1501 sub-subparagraphs a. and b., the comparison must be based on 1502 those forms and coverages that are reasonably comparable. The 1503 corporation may rely on a determination of comparable coverage 1504 and premium made by the producing agent who submits the 1505 application to the corporation, made in the agent's capacity as 1506 the corporation's agent. For purposes of comparing the premium 1507 for comparable coverage under sub-subparagraphs a. and b., 1508 premium includes any surcharge or assessment that is actually 1509 applied to such policy. A comparison may be made solely of the 1510 premium with respect to the main building or structure only on 1511 the following basis: the same coverage A or other building 1512 limits; the same percentage hurricane deductible that applies on 1513 an annual basis or that applies to each hurricane for commercial 1514 residential property; the same percentage of ordinance and law 1515 coverage, if the same limit is offered by both the corporation 1516 and the authorized insurer; the same mitigation credits, to the 1517 extent the same types of credits are offered both by the 1518 corporation and the authorized insurer; the same method for loss 1519 payment, such as replacement cost or actual cash value, if the 1520 same method is offered both by the corporation and the 1521 authorized insurer in accordance with underwriting rules; and 1522 any other form or coverage that is reasonably comparable as 1523 determined by the board. If an application is submitted to the 1524 corporation for wind-only coverage on a risk that is located in an area eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm 1525

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1526 Underwriting Association, as that area was defined on January 1, 1527 2002 in the coastal account, the premium for the corporation's 1528 wind-only policy plus the premium for the ex-wind policy that is 1529 offered by an authorized insurer to the applicant must be 1530 compared to the premium for multiperil coverage offered by an 1531 authorized insurer, subject to the standards for comparison 1532 specified in this subparagraph. If the corporation or the 1533 applicant requests from the authorized insurer a breakdown of 1534 the premium of the offer by types of coverage so that a 1535 comparison may be made by the corporation or its agent and the 1536 authorized insurer refuses or is unable to provide such 1537 information, the corporation may treat the offer as not being an 1538 offer of coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's 1539 approved rate. 1540 6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and

1541 1542 rates.

7. Must provide that if premium and investment income:

1543 <u>a.</u> For an account attributable to a particular calendar 1544 year are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the 1545 account attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in 1546 surplus in the account. Such surplus must be available to defray 1547 deficits in that account as to future years and used for that 1548 purpose before assessing assessable insurers and assessable 1549 insureds as to any calendar year<u>; or</u>

1550

b. For the Citizens account, if established by the

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1551	corporation, which are attributable to a particular calendar
1552	year are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the
1553	Citizens account attributable to that year, such excess shall be
1554	held in surplus in the Citizens account. Such surplus must be
1555	available to defray deficits in the Citizens account as to
1556	future years and used for that purpose before assessing
1557	assessable insurers and assessable insureds as to any calendar
1558	year.
1559	8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be
1560	uniformly applied to all applicants in determining whether an
1561	individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making
1562	this determination and in establishing the criteria and
1563	procedures, the following must be considered:
1564	a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
1565	risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
1566	class; and
1567	b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual
1568	risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.
1569	
1570	The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall
1571	be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the
1572	provisions of chapter 120 do not apply.
1573	9. Must provide that the corporation make its best efforts
1574	to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable rates, to cover
1575	its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as determined by

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1576 the board of governors. If catastrophe reinsurance is not 1577 available at reasonable rates, the corporation need not purchase 1578 it, but the corporation shall include the costs of reinsurance 1579 to cover its projected 100-year probable maximum loss in its 1580 rate calculations even if it does not purchase catastrophe 1581 reinsurance.

1582 10. The policies issued by the corporation must provide 1583 that if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains an 1584 offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its 1585 approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal 1586 through the corporation, except as otherwise provided in this 1587 subsection.

1588 11. Corporation policies and applications must include a 1589 notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, be 1590 replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer which 1591 does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by 1592 the corporation. The notice must also specify that acceptance of 1593 corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the 1594 applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.

1595 12. May establish, subject to approval by the office, 1596 different eligibility requirements and operational procedures 1597 for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or 1598 area if the board determines that such changes are justified due 1599 to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and 1600 competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage

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1601 and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain 1602 insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods 1603 continue to have access to coverage from the corporation. If 1604 coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, 1605 the requirements and procedures may not provide an effective 1606 date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the 1607 transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, 1608 if applicable, the lender.

1609

With respect to the coastal account, any assessable 1610 a. 1611 insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25 million or 1612 less writing 25 percent or more of its total countrywide 1613 property insurance premiums in this state may petition the 1614 office, within the first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A regular assessment 1615 1616 levied by the corporation on a limited apportionment company for a deficit incurred by the corporation for the coastal account 1617 1618 may be paid to the corporation on a monthly basis as the 1619 assessments are collected by the limited apportionment company 1620 from its insureds, but a limited apportionment company must 1621 begin collecting the regular assessments not later than 90 days 1622 after the regular assessments are levied by the corporation, and the regular assessments must be paid in full within 15 months 1623 1624 after being levied by the corporation. A limited apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any emergency 1625

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1626	assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph <u>(b)3.e.</u> (b)3.d. The
1627	plan must provide that, if the office determines that any
1628	regular assessment will result in an impairment of the surplus
1629	of a limited apportionment company, the office may direct that
1630	all or part of such assessment be deferred as provided in
1631	subparagraph (q)4. However, an emergency assessment to be
1632	collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph (b)3.e.
1633	(b)3.d. may not be limited or deferred; or
1634	b. With respect to the Citizens account, if established by
1635	the corporation pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)2.b., any
1636	assessable insurer with a surplus as to policyholders of \$25
1637	million or less and writing 25 percent or more of its total
1638	countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may
1639	petition the office, within the first 90 days of each calendar
1640	year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A limited
1641	apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any
1642	emergency assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph (b)5.c. An
1643	emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under
1644	sub-subparagraph (b)5.c. may not be limited or deferred.
1645	14. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its
1646	licensed agents only those agents who throughout such
1647	appointments also hold an appointment as defined in s. 626.015
1648	by an insurer who is authorized to write and is actually writing
1649	or renewing personal lines residential property coverage,
1650	commercial residential property coverage, or commercial
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d homes for a minimum insured value of at least
n shall make available a policy for mobile homes
nose of the primary dwelling.
are not the same or substantially the same
s that have a roof covering that is constructed of
dwelling; and
same or substantially the same materials as those
ts that are aluminum or carports that are not
the same materials as those of the primary
sures that are not covered by the same or
ned enclosures that are aluminum framed or
cures:
n coverage must also include the following
provide coverage for manufactured or mobile home
placement costs of the dwelling.
Fore 1994 to actual cash value of the dwelling
limit coverage on mobile homes or manufactured
d to, be offered.
ment of premiums. A monthly payment plan may, but
which, at a minimum, allows for quarterly and
provide a premium payment plan option to its
property coverage within the state.

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1676 May provide such limits of coverage as the board 18. 1677 determines, consistent with the requirements of this subsection. 1678 May require commercial property to meet specified 19. 1679 hurricane mitigation construction features as a condition of 1680 eligibility for coverage. 1681 20. Must provide that new or renewal policies issued by 1682 the corporation on or after January 1, 2012, which cover 1683 sinkhole loss do not include coverage for any loss to 1684 appurtenant structures, driveways, sidewalks, decks, or patios 1685 that are directly or indirectly caused by sinkhole activity. The 1686 corporation shall exclude such coverage using a notice of 1687 coverage change, which may be included with the policy renewal, 1688 and not by issuance of a notice of nonrenewal of the excluded 1689 coverage upon renewal of the current policy.

1690 21.<u>a.</u> As of January 1, 2012, <u>unless the Citizens account</u> 1691 <u>has been established pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)2.b.</u>, must 1692 require that the agent obtain from an applicant for coverage 1693 from the corporation an acknowledgment signed by the applicant, 1694 which includes, at a minimum, the following statement:

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF POTENTIAL SURCHARGE AND ASSESSMENT LIABILITY:

1699 1. AS A POLICYHOLDER OF CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE 1700 CORPORATION, I UNDERSTAND THAT IF THE CORPORATION SUSTAINS A

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1701 DEFICIT AS A RESULT OF HURRICANE LOSSES OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON,
1702 MY POLICY COULD BE SUBJECT TO SURCHARGES, WHICH WILL BE DUE AND
1703 PAYABLE UPON RENEWAL, CANCELLATION, OR TERMINATION OF THE
1704 POLICY, AND THAT THE SURCHARGES COULD BE AS HIGH AS 45 PERCENT
1705 OF MY PREMIUM, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE FLORIDA
1706 LEGISLATURE.

1707 2. I UNDERSTAND THAT I CAN AVOID THE CITIZENS POLICYHOLDER
1708 SURCHARGE, WHICH COULD BE AS HIGH AS 45 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM,
1709 BY OBTAINING COVERAGE FROM A PRIVATE MARKET INSURER AND THAT TO
1710 BE ELIGIBLE FOR COVERAGE BY CITIZENS, I MUST FIRST TRY TO OBTAIN
1711 PRIVATE MARKET COVERAGE BEFORE APPLYING FOR OR RENEWING COVERAGE
1712 WITH CITIZENS. I UNDERSTAND THAT PRIVATE MARKET INSURANCE RATES
1713 ARE REGULATED AND APPROVED BY THE STATE.

1714 3. I UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY BE SUBJECT TO EMERGENCY
1715 ASSESSMENTS TO THE SAME EXTENT AS POLICYHOLDERS OF OTHER
1716 INSURANCE COMPANIES, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE
1717 FLORIDA LEGISLATURE.

1718 4. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE
1719 CORPORATION IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE
1720 STATE OF FLORIDA.

b. The corporation must require, if it has established the Citizens account pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)2.b., that the agent obtain from an applicant for coverage from the corporation the following acknowledgment signed by the applicant, which

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1726	includes, at a minimum, the following statement:
1727	
1728	ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF POTENTIAL SURCHARGE
1729	AND ASSESSMENT LIABILITY:
1730	
1731	1. AS A POLICYHOLDER OF CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE
1732	CORPORATION, I UNDERSTAND THAT IF THE CORPORATION SUSTAINS A
1733	DEFICIT AS A RESULT OF HURRICANE LOSSES OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON,
1734	MY POLICY COULD BE SUBJECT TO SURCHARGES AND ASSESSMENTS, WHICH
1735	WILL BE DUE AND PAYABLE UPON RENEWAL, CANCELLATION, OR
1736	TERMINATION OF THE POLICY, AND THAT THE SURCHARGES AND
1737	ASSESSMENTS COULD BE AS HIGH AS 25 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM, OR A
1738	DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE FLORIDA LEGISLATURE.
1739	2. I UNDERSTAND THAT I CAN AVOID THE CITIZENS POLICYHOLDER
1740	SURCHARGE, WHICH COULD BE AS HIGH AS 15 PERCENT OF MY PREMIUM,
1741	BY OBTAINING COVERAGE FROM A PRIVATE MARKET INSURER AND THAT TO
1742	BE ELIGIBLE FOR COVERAGE BY CITIZENS, I MUST FIRST TRY TO OBTAIN
1743	PRIVATE MARKET COVERAGE BEFORE APPLYING FOR OR RENEWING COVERAGE
1744	WITH CITIZENS. I UNDERSTAND THAT PRIVATE MARKET INSURANCE RATES
1745	ARE REGULATED AND APPROVED BY THE STATE.
1746	3. I UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY BE SUBJECT TO EMERGENCY
1747	ASSESSMENTS TO THE SAME EXTENT AS POLICYHOLDERS OF OTHER
1748	INSURANCE COMPANIES, OR A DIFFERENT AMOUNT AS IMPOSED BY THE
1749	FLORIDA LEGISLATURE.
1750	4. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE
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1751 CORPORATION IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA. 1752 1753 1754 c.a. The corporation shall maintain, in electronic format or otherwise, a copy of the applicant's signed acknowledgment 1755 1756 and provide a copy of the statement to the policyholder as part 1757 of the first renewal after the effective date of sub-1758 subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b., as applicable this 1759 subparagraph. 1760 d.b. The signed acknowledgment form creates a conclusive 1761 presumption that the policyholder understood and accepted his or 1762 her potential surcharge and assessment liability as a 1763 policyholder of the corporation. 1764 (n)1. Rates for coverage provided by the corporation must 1765 be actuarially sound pursuant and subject to s. 627.062 and not 1766 competitive with approved rates charged in the admitted 1767 voluntary market so that the corporation functions as a residual 1768 market mechanism to provide insurance only when insurance cannot 1769 be procured in the voluntary market, except as otherwise 1770 provided in this paragraph. The office shall provide the corporation such information as would be necessary to determine 1771 1772 whether rates are competitive. The corporation shall file its 1773 recommended rates with the office at least annually. The 1774 corporation shall provide any additional information regarding the rates which the office requires. The office shall consider 1775 Page 71 of 123

1776 the recommendations of the board and issue a final order 1777 establishing the rates for the corporation within 45 days after 1778 the recommended rates are filed. The corporation may not pursue 1779 an administrative challenge or judicial review of the final 1780 order of the office.

2. In addition to the rates otherwise determined pursuant to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and collect an amount equal to the premium tax provided in s. 624.509 to augment the financial resources of the corporation.

1785 After the public hurricane loss-projection model under 3. 1786 s. 627.06281 has been found to be accurate and reliable by the 1787 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, the 1788 model shall be considered when establishing the windstorm 1789 portion of the corporation's rates. The corporation may use the 1790 public model results in combination with the results of private 1791 models to calculate rates for the windstorm portion of the 1792 corporation's rates. This subparagraph does not require or allow 1793 the corporation to adopt rates lower than the rates otherwise 1794 required or allowed by this paragraph.

1795 4. The corporation must make a recommended actuarially 1796 sound rate filing for each personal and commercial line of 1797 business it writes.

5. Notwithstanding the board's recommended rates and the office's final order regarding the corporation's filed rates under subparagraph 1., the corporation shall annually implement

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1801	a rate increase which, except for sinkhole coverage, does not
1802	exceed the following for any single policy issued by the
1803	corporation, excluding coverage changes and surcharges:
1804	a. Eleven percent for 2022.
1805	b. Twelve percent for 2023.
1806	b.c. Thirteen percent for 2024.
1807	<u>c.d.</u> Fourteen percent for 2025.
1808	d.e. Fifteen percent for 2026 and all subsequent years.
1809	6. The corporation may also implement an increase to
1810	reflect the effect on the corporation of the cash buildup factor
1811	pursuant to s. 215.555(5)(b).
1812	7. The corporation's implementation of rates as prescribed
1813	in <u>subparagraphs 5. and 8.</u> subparagraph 5. shall cease for any
1814	line of business written by the corporation upon the
1815	corporation's implementation of actuarially sound rates.
1816	Thereafter, the corporation shall annually make a recommended
1817	actuarially sound rate filing that is not competitive with
1818	approved rates in the admitted voluntary market for each
1819	commercial and personal line of business the corporation writes.
1820	8. For any new or renewal personal lines policy written on
1821	or after November 1, 2023, which does not cover a primary
1822	residence, the rate to be applied in calculating premium is not
1823	subject to the rate increase limitations in subparagraph 5.
1824	However, the policyholder may not be charged more than 50
1825	percent above, and may not be charged less than, the established

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1826	rate for the corporation which was in effect 1 year before the
1827	date of the application.
1828	9. As used in this paragraph, the term "primary residence"
1829	means the dwelling that is the policyholder's primary home or is
1830	a rental property that is the primary home of the tenant, and
1831	which the policyholder or tenant occupies for more than 9 months
1832	of each year.
1833	(o) If coverage in an account, or the Citizens account if
1834	established by the corporation, is deactivated pursuant to
1835	paragraph (p), coverage through the corporation shall be
1836	reactivated by order of the office only under one of the
1837	following circumstances:
1838	1. If the market assistance plan receives a minimum of 100
1839	applications for coverage within a 3-month period, or 200
1840	applications for coverage within a 1-year period or less for
1841	residential coverage, unless the market assistance plan provides
1842	a quotation from admitted carriers at their filed rates for at
1843	least 90 percent of such applicants. Any market assistance plan
1844	application that is rejected because an individual risk is so
1845	hazardous as to be uninsurable using the criteria specified in
1846	subparagraph (c)8. shall not be included in the minimum
1847	percentage calculation provided herein. In the event that there
1848	is a legal or administrative challenge to a determination by the
1849	office that the conditions of this subparagraph have been met
1850	for eligibility for coverage in the corporation, any eligible
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1851 risk may obtain coverage during the pendency of such challenge.

2. In response to a state of emergency declared by the Governor under s. 252.36, the office may activate coverage by order for the period of the emergency upon a finding by the office that the emergency significantly affects the availability of residential property insurance.

1857 The corporation shall file with the office quarterly (p)1. 1858 statements of financial condition, an annual statement of 1859 financial condition, and audited financial statements in the 1860 manner prescribed by law. In addition, the corporation shall 1861 report to the office monthly on the types, premium, exposure, and distribution by county of its policies in force, and shall 1862 1863 submit other reports as the office requires to carry out its 1864 oversight of the corporation.

1865 2. The activities of the corporation shall be reviewed at 1866 least annually by the office to determine whether coverage shall 1867 be deactivated in an account, or in the Citizens account if 1868 <u>established by the corporation</u>, on the basis that the conditions 1869 giving rise to its activation no longer exist.

(q)1. The corporation shall certify to the office its needs for annual assessments as to a particular calendar year, and for any interim assessments that it deems to be necessary to sustain operations as to a particular year pending the receipt of annual assessments. Upon verification, the office shall approve such certification, and the corporation shall levy such

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1876 annual or interim assessments. Such assessments shall be 1877 prorated, if authority to levy exists, as provided in paragraph 1878 (b). The corporation shall take all reasonable and prudent steps 1879 necessary to collect the amount of assessments due from each assessable insurer, including, if prudent, filing suit to 1880 1881 collect the assessments, and the office may provide such 1882 assistance to the corporation it deems appropriate. If the 1883 corporation is unable to collect an assessment from any 1884 assessable insurer, the uncollected assessments shall be levied 1885 as an additional assessment against the assessable insurers and 1886 any assessable insurer required to pay an additional assessment 1887 as a result of such failure to pay shall have a cause of action 1888 against such nonpaying assessable insurer. Assessments shall be 1889 included as an appropriate factor in the making of rates. The 1890 failure of a surplus lines agent to collect and remit any 1891 regular or emergency assessment levied by the corporation is 1892 considered to be a violation of s. 626.936 and subjects the 1893 surplus lines agent to the penalties provided in that section. 1894 The governing body of any unit of local government, any 2. 1895 residents of which are insured by the corporation, may issue

bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 from time to time to fund an assistance program, in conjunction with the corporation, for the purpose of defraying deficits of the corporation. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance

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1901 programs, any unit of local government, any residents of which 1902 are insured by the corporation, may provide for the payment of 1903 losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred within 1904 or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local 1905 government. Revenue bonds under this subparagraph may not be 1906 issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of 1907 emergency is declared by executive order or proclamation of the 1908 Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are 1909 necessary to determine that it is in the best interests of, and 1910 necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and 1911 general welfare of residents of this state and declaring it an 1912 essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or 1913 counties to issue such bonds as will permit relief to claimants 1914 and policyholders of the corporation. Any such unit of local government may enter into such contracts with the corporation 1915 1916 and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as 1917 are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued 1918 under this subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by 1919 moneys received by the corporation from emergency assessments 1920 under sub-subparagraph (b)3.e. (b)3.d., and assigned and pledged 1921 to or on behalf of the unit of local government for the benefit 1922 of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and 1923 taxing power of the state or of the unit of local government 1924 shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds. 1925 The corporation shall adopt one or more programs 3.a.

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1926 subject to approval by the office for the reduction of both new 1927 and renewal writings in the corporation. Beginning January 1, 1928 2008, any program the corporation adopts for the payment of bonuses to an insurer for each risk the insurer removes from the 1929 1930 corporation shall comply with s. 627.3511(2) and may not exceed 1931 the amount referenced in s. 627.3511(2) for each risk removed. 1932 The corporation may consider any prudent and not unfairly 1933 discriminatory approach to reducing corporation writings, and 1934 may adopt a credit against assessment liability or other 1935 liability that provides an incentive for insurers to take risks 1936 out of the corporation and to keep risks out of the corporation 1937 by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings in counties or 1938 areas in which corporation risks are highly concentrated and a 1939 program to provide a formula under which an insurer voluntarily 1940 taking risks out of the corporation by maintaining or increasing 1941 voluntary writings will be relieved wholly or partially from 1942 assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. However, any "take-1943 out bonus" or payment to an insurer must be conditioned on the property being insured for at least 5 years by the insurer, 1944 1945 unless canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder. If the policy 1946 is canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder before the end of 1947 the 5-year period, the amount of the take-out bonus must be 1948 prorated for the time period the policy was insured. When the 1949 corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is 1950

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1951 entitled to retain any unearned commission on such policy, and 1952 the insurer shall either:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).

Any credit or exemption from regular assessments 1965 b. 1966 adopted under this subparagraph shall last no longer than the 3 years following the cancellation or expiration of the policy by 1967 1968 the corporation. With the approval of the office, the board may 1969 extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer 1970 guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies 1971 removed from the corporation, or for 2 additional years if the 1972 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 1973 policies so removed.

1974c. There shall be no credit, limitation, exemption, or1975deferment from emergency assessments to be collected from

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1976 policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.e. or sub-1977 subparagraph (b)5.c. (b)3.d.

1978 4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or 1979 in part, of the assessment of an assessable insurer, other than an emergency assessment collected from policyholders pursuant to 1980 1981 sub-subparagraph (b) 3.e. or sub-subparagraph (b) 5.c. (b) 3.d., if 1982 the office finds that payment of the assessment would endanger 1983 or impair the solvency of the insurer. In the event an 1984 assessment against an assessable insurer is deferred in whole or 1985 in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be 1986 assessed against the other assessable insurers in a manner 1987 consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in paragraph 1988 (b).

5. Effective July 1, 2007, in order to evaluate the costs and benefits of approved take-out plans, if the corporation pays a bonus or other payment to an insurer for an approved take-out plan, it shall maintain a record of the address or such other identifying information on the property or risk removed in order to track if and when the property or risk is later insured by the corporation.

6. Any policy taken out, assumed, or removed from the corporation is, as of the effective date of the take-out, assumption, or removal, direct insurance issued by the insurer and not by the corporation, even if the corporation continues to service the policies. This subparagraph applies to policies of

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2001 the corporation and not policies taken out, assumed, or removed 2002 from any other entity.

7. For a policy taken out, assumed, or removed from the corporation, the insurer may, for a period of no more than 3 years, continue to use any of the corporation's policy forms or endorsements that apply to the policy taken out, removed, or assumed without obtaining approval from the office for use of such policy form or endorsement.

2009 (v)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Residential 2010 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association become 2011 policies of the corporation. All obligations, rights, assets and 2012 liabilities of the association, including bonds, note and debt 2013 obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to them 2014 become those of the corporation as of July 1, 2002. The 2015 corporation is not required to issue endorsements or 2016 certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term 2017 of in-force transferred policies.

2018 2. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida 2019 Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the 2020 corporation and become policies of the corporation. All 2021 obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the association, 2022 including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing 2023 documents pertaining to them are transferred to and assumed by 2024 the corporation on July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds 2025

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2026 during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies. 2027 The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and the 3. 2028 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 2029 shall take all actions necessary to further evidence the 2030 transfers and provide the documents and instruments of further 2031 assurance as may reasonably be requested by the corporation for 2032 that purpose. The corporation shall execute assumptions and 2033 instruments as the trustees or other parties to the financing 2034 documents of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or 2035 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 2036 Association may reasonably request to further evidence the 2037 transfers and assumptions, which transfers and assumptions, 2038 however, are effective on the date provided under this paragraph 2039 whether or not, and regardless of the date on which, the 2040 assumptions or instruments are executed by the corporation. 2041 Subject to the relevant financing documents pertaining to their 2042 outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing 2043 obligations, the moneys, investments, receivables, choses in 2044 action, and other intangibles of the Florida Windstorm 2045 Underwriting Association shall be credited to the coastal account of the corporation, and those of the personal lines 2046 2047 residential coverage account and the commercial lines 2048 residential coverage account of the Residential Property and 2049 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be credited to the personal lines account and the commercial lines account, 2050

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respectively, of the corporation.

4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property insurance coverage who would otherwise have been eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association is eligible for coverage from the corporation as provided in this subsection.

2057 5. The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, 2058 assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 2059 Association to the corporation and the renaming of the 2060 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 2061 as the corporation does not affect the coverage with respect to 2062 covered policies as defined in s. 215.555(2)(c) provided to 2063 these entities by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The 2064 coverage provided by the fund to the Florida Windstorm 2065 Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2066 2002, and each June 30 thereafter, unless the corporation has 2067 established the Citizens account, shall be redesignated as 2068 coverage for the coastal account of the corporation. 2069 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coverage 2070 provided by the fund to the Residential Property and Casualty 2071 Joint Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 2072 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter, unless the corporation 2073 has established the Citizens account, shall be transferred to 2074 the personal lines account and the commercial lines account of the corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 2075

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2076 coastal account, unless the corporation has established the 2077 Citizens account, shall be treated, for all Florida Hurricane 2078 Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a separate 2079 participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement 2080 premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines 2081 and commercial lines accounts, unless the corporation has 2082 established the Citizens account, shall be viewed together, for 2083 all fund purposes, as if the two accounts were one and represent 2084 a single, separate participating insurer with its own exposures, 2085 reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. The coverage 2086 provided by the fund to the corporation shall constitute and 2087 operate as a full transfer of coverage from the Florida 2088 Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential Property and 2089 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to the corporation. 2090 Notwithstanding any other provision of law: (w) 2091 1. The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the security

2092 interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 2093 corporation created or purported to be created pursuant to any 2094 financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of 2095 the corporation shall be and remain valid and enforceable, 2096 notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation 2097 of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, 2098 bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or 2099 similar proceeding against the corporation under the laws of this state. 2100

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2101 2. The proceeding does not relieve the corporation of its 2102 obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its 2103 obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, 2104 assessments, policyholder surcharges or other surcharges under 2105 sub-subparagraph (b)3.j. (b)3.i., or any other rights, revenues, 2106 or other assets of the corporation pledged pursuant to any 2107 financing documents.

3. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security 2108 2109 interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or security interest, any such assessments, policyholder surcharges 2110 2111 or other surcharges, or other rights, revenues, or other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, after the 2112 2113 commencement of and during the pendency of, or after, any such 2114 proceeding shall continue unaffected by such proceeding. As used in this subsection, the term "financing documents" means any 2115 2116 agreement or agreements, instrument or instruments, or other document or documents now existing or hereafter created 2117 2118 evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness of the corporation or 2119 pursuant to which any such bonds or other indebtedness has been 2120 or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or 2121 other assets of the corporation are pledged or sold to secure 2122 the repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the 2123 payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the 2124 payment of any other obligation or financial product, as defined in the plan of operation of the corporation related to such 2125

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2126 bonds or indebtedness.

2127 Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 4. 2128 contract rights, or other rights or assets of the corporation 2129 shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 2130 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such 2131 assessments, revenues, or contract rights or other rights or 2132 assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the 2133 pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 2134 valid, binding, and enforceable against the corporation or other 2135 entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against 2136 and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any 2137 other person or entity, including policyholders in this state, 2138 asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, or contract 2139 rights or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and 2140 in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in 2141 the applicable financing documents, whether or not any such 2142 person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without 2143 the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or 2144 other action.

5. As long as the corporation has any bonds outstanding, the corporation may not file a voluntary petition under chapter 9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, and a public officer or any organization, entity, or other person may not authorize the corporation to be or become a debtor under chapter

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9 of the federal Bankruptcy Code or such corresponding chapter or sections as may be in effect, from time to time, during any such period.

6. If ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, the corporation may assume policies or otherwise provide coverage for policyholders of an insurer placed in liquidation under chapter 631, under such forms, rates, terms, and conditions as the corporation deems appropriate, subject to approval by the office.

2160 Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the (aa) 2161 corporation shall not require the securing and maintaining of flood insurance as a condition of coverage of a personal lines 2162 2163 residential risk. if The insured or applicant must execute 2164 executes a form approved by the office affirming that flood 2165 insurance is not provided by the corporation and that if flood 2166 insurance is not secured by the applicant or insured from an 2167 insurer other than the corporation and in addition to coverage 2168 by the corporation, the risk will not be eligible for coverage 2169 by the corporation covered for flood damage. A corporation 2170 policyholder electing not to secure flood insurance and 2171 executing a form as provided herein making a claim for water 2172 damage against the corporation shall have the burden of proving 2173 the damage was not caused by flooding. Notwithstanding other 2174 provisions of this subsection, The corporation may deny coverage of a personal lines residential risk to an applicant or insured 2175

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2176	who refuses to <u>secure and maintain flood insurance</u> execute the
2177	form described herein. The requirement to purchase flood
2178	insurance shall be implemented as follows:
2179	1. Except as provided in subparagraphs 2. and 3., all
2180	personal lines residential policyholders must have flood
2181	coverage in place for policies effective on or after:
2182	a. January 1, 2024, for property valued at \$600,000 or
2183	more.
2184	b. January 1, 2025, for property valued at \$500,000 or
2185	more.
2186	c. January 1, 2026, for property valued at \$400,000 or
2187	more.
2188	d. January 1, 2027, for all other personal lines
2189	residential property insured by the corporation.
2190	2. All personal lines residential policyholders whose
2191	property insured by the corporation is located within the
2192	special flood hazard area defined by the Federal Emergency
2193	Management Agency must have flood coverage in place:
2194	a. At the time of initial policy issuance for all new
2195	personal lines residential policies issued by the corporation on
2196	or after April 1, 2023.
2197	b. By the time of the policy renewal for all personal
2198	lines residential policies renewing on or after July 1, 2023.
2199	3. Policyholders whose policies issued by the corporation
2200	do not provide coverage for the peril of wind are not required
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2201	to purchase flood insurance as a condition for maintaining their
2202	policies with the corporation.
2203	
2204	The flood insurance required under this paragraph must meet, at
2205	a minimum, the coverage available from the National Flood
2206	Insurance Program or the requirements of subparagraphs s.
2207	627.715(1)(a)1., 2., and 3.
2208	(ii) The corporation shall revise the programs adopted
2209	pursuant to sub-subparagraph (q)3.a. for personal lines
2210	residential policies to maximize policyholder options and
2211	encourage increased participation by insurers and agents. After
2212	January 1, 2017, a policy may not be taken out of the
2213	corporation unless the provisions of this paragraph are met.
2214	1. The corporation must publish a periodic schedule of
2215	cycles during which an insurer may identify, and notify the
2216	corporation of, policies that the insurer is requesting to take
2217	out. A request must include a description of the coverage
2218	offered and an estimated premium and must be submitted to the
2219	corporation in a form and manner prescribed by the corporation.
2220	2. The corporation must maintain and make available to the
2221	agent of record a consolidated list of all insurers requesting
2222	to take out a policy. The list must include a description of the
2223	coverage offered and the estimated premium for each take-out
2224	request.
2225	3. If a policyholder receives a take-out offer from an
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2226	authorized insurer, the risk is no longer eligible for coverage
2227	with the corporation unless the premium for coverage from the
2228	authorized insurer is more 20 percent greater than the renewal
2229	premium for comparable coverage from the corporation pursuant to
2230	sub-subparagraph (c)5.c. This subparagraph applies to take-out
2231	offers that are part of an application to participate in
2232	depopulation submitted to the office on or after January 1,
2233	<u>2023.</u>
2234	4. The corporation must provide written notice to the
2235	policyholder and the agent of record regarding all insurers
2236	requesting to take out the policy and regarding the
2237	policyholder's option to accept a take-out offer or to reject
2238	all take-out offers and to remain with the corporation. The
2239	notice must be in a format prescribed by the corporation and
2240	include, for each take-out offer:
2241	a. The amount of the estimated premium;
2242	b. A description of the coverage; and
2243	c. A comparison of the estimated premium and coverage
2244	offered by the insurer to the estimated premium and coverage
2245	provided by the corporation.
2246	(kk) A corporation policyholder making a claim for water
2247	damage against the corporation has the burden of proving that
2248	the damage was not caused by flooding.
2249	Section 9. Paragraph (s) of subsection (6) of section
2250	627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans (6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION (s)1. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any
(s)1. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no
2254 any of action of any nature shall arise against any
cause of action of any nature shall allse against, any
2255 assessable insurer or its agents or employees, the corporation
2256 or its agents or employees, members of the board of governors or
2257 their respective designees at a board meeting, corporation
2258 committee members, or the office or its representatives, for any
2259 action taken by them in the performance of their duties or
2260 responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not
2261 apply to:
2262 a. Any of the foregoing persons or entities for any
2263 willful tort;
b. The corporation or its producing agents for breach of
2265 any contract or agreement pertaining to insurance coverage;
2266 c. The corporation with respect to issuance or payment of
2267 debt;
d. Any assessable insurer with respect to any action to
2269 enforce an assessable insurer's obligations to the corporation
2270 under this subsection; or
e. The corporation in any pending or future action for
2272 breach of contract or for benefits under a policy issued by the
2273 corporation; in any such action, the corporation shall be liable
2274 to the policyholders and beneficiaries for attorney's fees under
2275 s. 627.428 .
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2276 The corporation shall manage its claim employees, 2. 2277 independent adjusters, and others who handle claims to ensure 2278 they carry out the corporation's duty to its policyholders to handle claims carefully, timely, diligently, and in good faith, 2279 2280 balanced against the corporation's duty to the state to manage 2281 its assets responsibly to minimize its assessment potential. 2282 Section 10. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3) and 2283 paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of subsection (6) of section 2284 627.3511, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2285 Depopulation of Citizens Property Insurance 627.3511 2286 Corporation.-2287 EXEMPTION FROM DEFICIT ASSESSMENTS.-(3) 2288 (b) An insurer that first wrote personal lines residential 2289 property coverage in this state on or after July 1, 1994, is 2290 exempt from regular deficit assessments imposed pursuant to s. 2291 627.351(6)(b)3.a., but not emergency assessments collected from 2292 policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.e. s. 2293 627.351(6)(b)3.d., of the Citizens Property Insurance 2294 Corporation until the earlier of the following: 2295 The end of the calendar year in which it first wrote 1. 2296 0.5 percent or more of the statewide aggregate direct written 2297 premium for any line of residential property coverage; or

2298 2. December 31, 1997, or December 31 of the third year in
which it wrote such coverage in this state, whichever is later.
(c) Other than an insurer that is exempt under paragraph

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2301	(b), an insurer that in any calendar year increases its total
2302	structure exposure subject to wind coverage by 25 percent or
2303	more over its exposure for the preceding calendar year is, with
2304	respect to that year, exempt from deficit assessments imposed
2305	pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a., but not emergency assessments
2306	collected from policyholders pursuant to <u>s. 627.351(6)(b)3.e.</u> s.
2307	627.351(6)(b)3.d., of the Citizens Property Insurance
2308	Corporation attributable to such increase in exposure.
2309	(6) COMMERCIAL RESIDENTIAL TAKE-OUT PLANS
2310	(d) The calculation of an insurer's regular assessment
2311	liability under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a., but not emergency
2312	assessments collected from policyholders pursuant to <u>s.</u>
2313	<u>627.351(6)(b)3.e.</u> s. 627.351(6)(b)3.d. , shall, with respect to
2314	commercial residential policies removed from the corporation
2315	under an approved take-out plan, exclude such removed policies
2316	for the succeeding 3 years, as follows:
2317	1. In the first year following removal of the policies,
2318	the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of
2319	100 percent.
2320	2. In the second year following removal of the policies,
2321	the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of
2322	75 percent.
2323	3. In the third year following removal of the policies,
2324	the policies are excluded from the calculation to the extent of
2325	50 percent.
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2350

2326 An insurer that first wrote commercial residential (e)2327 property coverage in this state on or after June 1, 1996, is 2328 exempt from regular assessments under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a., but 2329 not emergency assessments collected from policyholders pursuant 2330 to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.e. s. 627.351(6)(b)3.d., with respect to 2331 commercial residential policies until the earlier of: 2332 The end of the calendar year in which such insurer 1. 2333 first wrote 0.5 percent or more of the statewide aggregate 2334 direct written premium for commercial residential property 2335 coverage; or 2336 2. December 31 of the third year in which such insurer 2337 wrote commercial residential property coverage in this state. 2338 (f) An insurer that is not otherwise exempt from regular 2339 assessments under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a. with respect to 2340 commercial residential policies is, for any calendar year in 2341 which such insurer increased its total commercial residential 2342 hurricane exposure by 25 percent or more over its exposure for 2343 the preceding calendar year, exempt from regular assessments 2344 under s. 627.351(6)(b)3.a., but not emergency assessments 2345 collected from policyholders pursuant to s. 627.351(6)(b)3.e. s. 627.351(6)(b)3.d., attributable to such increased exposure. 2346 2347 Section 11. Effective January 1, 2023, subsection (5) of 2348 section 627.3518, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2349 627.3518 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation

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policyholder eligibility clearinghouse program.-The purpose of

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2351	this section is to provide a framework for the corporation to
2352	implement a clearinghouse program by January 1, 2014.
2353	(5) Notwithstanding s. 627.3517, any applicant for new
2354	coverage from the corporation is not eligible for coverage from
2355	the corporation if provided an offer of coverage from an
2356	authorized insurer through the program at a premium that is at
2357	or below the eligibility threshold for applicants for new
2358	coverage established in s. 627.351(6)(c)5.a. Whenever an offer
2359	of coverage for a personal lines risk is received for a
2360	policyholder of the corporation at renewal from an authorized
2361	insurer through the program which is at or below the eligibility
2362	threshold for policyholders of the corporation established in s.
2363	627.351(6)(c)5.a., if the offer is equal to or less than the
2364	corporation's renewal premium for comparable coverage, the risk
2365	is not eligible for coverage with the corporation. In the event
2366	an offer of coverage for a new applicant is received from an
2367	authorized insurer through the program, and the premium offered
2368	exceeds the eligibility threshold for applicants for new
2369	coverage established contained in s. 627.351(6)(c)5.a., the
2370	applicant or insured may elect to accept such coverage, or may
2371	elect to accept or continue coverage with the corporation. In
2372	the event an offer of coverage for a personal lines risk is
2373	received from an authorized insurer at renewal through the
2374	program, and the premium offered exceeds the eligibility
2375	threshold for policyholders of the corporation established in s.

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2376	627.351(6)(c)5.a. is more than the corporation's renewal premium
2377	for comparable coverage, the insured may elect to accept such
2378	coverage, or may elect to accept or continue coverage with the
2379	corporation. Section 627.351(6)(c)5.a.(I) does not apply to an
2380	offer of coverage from an authorized insurer obtained through
2381	the program. An applicant for coverage from the corporation who
2382	was declared ineligible for coverage at renewal by the
2383	corporation in the previous 36 months due to an offer of
2384	coverage pursuant to this subsection shall be considered a
2385	renewal under this section if the corporation determines that
2386	the authorized insurer making the offer of coverage pursuant to
2387	this subsection continues to insure the applicant and increased
2388	the rate on the policy in excess of the increase allowed for the
2389	corporation under s. 627.351(6)(n)5.
2390	Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 627.410, Florida
2391	Statutes, is amended to read:
2392	627.410 Filing, approval of forms
2393	(3) The office may, for cause, withdraw a previous
2394	approval. No insurer shall issue or use any form disapproved by
2395	the office, or as to which the office has withdrawn approval,
2396	after the effective date of the order of the office. Based on a
2397	finding from a market conduct examination of a property insurer
2398	that the insurer has exhibited a pattern or practice of one or
2399	more willful unfair insurance trade practice violations with
2400	regard to its use of appraisal, the office shall reexamine the

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2401	insurer's property insurance policy forms that contain an
2402	appraisal clause, and the office may:
2403	(a) Withdraw approval of the forms, if warranted by the
2404	Florida Insurance Code.
2405	(b) In addition to any regulatory action under ss. 624.418
2406	and 624.4211, issue an order prohibiting the insurer from
2407	invoking appraisal for up to 2 years.
2408	Section 13. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 627.428,
2409	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2410	627.428 Attorney fees
2411	(1) Except as provided in subsection (4), upon the
2412	rendition of a judgment or decree by any of the courts of this
2413	state against an insurer and in favor of any named or omnibus
2414	insured or the named beneficiary under a policy or contract
2415	executed by the insurer, the trial court or, in the event of an
2416	appeal in which the insured or beneficiary prevails, the
2417	appellate court shall adjudge or decree against the insurer and
2418	in favor of the insured or beneficiary a reasonable sum as fees
2419	or compensation for the insured's or beneficiary's attorney
2420	prosecuting the suit in which the recovery is had. In a suit
2421	arising under a residential or commercial property insurance
2422	policy, the amount of reasonable attorney fees shall be awarded
2423	only as provided in s. 57.105 or s. 627.70152, as applicable.
2424	(4) In a suit arising under a residential or commercial
2425	property insurance policy, <u>there is no</u> the right to attorney
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2426 fees under this section may not be transferred to, assigned 2427 or acquired in any other manner by anyone other than a named 2428 omnibus insured or a named beneficiary. 2429 Section 14. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 2430 627.7011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2431 627.7011 Homeowners' policies; offer of replacement cost 2432 coverage and law and ordinance coverage.-2433 (4)2434 (b) An insurer that issues a homeowner's insurance policy that does not provide flood insurance coverage must include on 2435 2436 the policy declarations page with the policy documents at 2437 initial issuance and every renewal, in bold type no smaller than 2438 18 points, the following statement: 2439 2440 "FLOOD INSURANCE: YOU SHOULD MAY ALSO NEED TO CONSIDER 2441 THE PURCHASE OF FLOOD INSURANCE. YOUR HOMEOWNER'S 2442 INSURANCE POLICY DOES NOT INCLUDE COVERAGE FOR DAMAGE 2443 RESULTING FROM FLOOD EVEN IF HURRICANE WINDS AND RAIN 2444 CAUSED THE FLOOD TO OCCUR. WITHOUT SEPARATE FLOOD 2445 INSURANCE COVERAGE, YOUR YOU MAY HAVE UNCOVERED LOSSES 2446 CAUSED BY FLOOD ARE NOT COVERED. PLEASE DISCUSS THE 2447 NEED TO PURCHASE SEPARATE FLOOD INSURANCE COVERAGE 2448 WITH YOUR INSURANCE AGENT." 2449 2450 Section 15. Effective March 1, 2023, present subsection Page 98 of 123

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(8) of section 627.70131, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (9), a new subsection (8) is added to that section, and paragraph (a) of subsection (1), subsections (3), (4), and (5), and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of that section are amended, to read:

2456 627.70131 Insurer's duty to acknowledge communications 2457 regarding claims; investigation.-

(1)(a) Upon an insurer's receiving a communication with 2458 2459 respect to a claim, the insurer shall, within 7 14 calendar 2460 days, review and acknowledge receipt of such communication 2461 unless payment is made within that period of time or unless the 2462 failure to acknowledge is caused by factors beyond the control 2463 of the insurer which reasonably prevent such acknowledgment. If 2464 the acknowledgment is not in writing, a notification indicating 2465 acknowledgment shall be made in the insurer's claim file and 2466 dated. A communication made to or by a representative of an 2467 insurer with respect to a claim shall constitute communication 2468 to or by the insurer.

(3) (a) Unless otherwise provided by the policy of insurance or by law, within <u>7</u> 14 days after an insurer receives proof-of-loss statements, the insurer shall begin such investigation as is reasonably necessary unless the failure to begin such investigation is caused by factors beyond the control of the insurer which reasonably prevent the commencement of such investigation.

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2476	(b) If such investigation involves a physical inspection
2477	of the property, the licensed adjuster assigned by the insurer
2478	must provide the policyholder with a printed or electronic
2479	document containing his or her name and state adjuster license
2480	number. For claims other than those subject to a hurricane
2481	$rac{deductible_{r}}{}$ An insurer must conduct any such physical inspection
2482	within 30 45 days after its receipt of the proof-of-loss
2483	statements.
2484	(c) Any subsequent communication with the policyholder
2485	regarding the claim must also include the name and license
2486	number of the adjuster communicating about the claim.
2487	Communication of the adjuster's name and license number may be
2488	included with other information provided to the policyholder.
2489	(d) An insurer may use electronic methods to investigate
2490	the loss. Such electronic methods may include any method that
2491	provides the insurer with clear, color pictures or video
2492	documenting the loss, including, but not limited to, electronic
2493	photographs or video recordings of the loss, video conferencing
2494	between the adjuster and the policyholder which includes video
2495	recording of the loss, and video recordings or photographs of
2496	the loss using a drone, driverless vehicle, or other machine
2497	that can move independently or through remote control. The
2498	insurer also may allow the policyholder to use such methods to
2499	assist in the investigation of the loss. An insurer may void the
2500	insurance policy if the policyholder or any other person at the
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2501	direction of the policyholder, with intent to injure, defraud,
2502	or deceive any insurer, commits insurance fraud by providing
2503	false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact
2504	or thing material to a claim using electronic methods. The use
2505	of electronic methods to investigate the loss does not prohibit
2506	an insurer from assigning a licensed adjuster to physically
2507	inspect the property.
2508	(e) Within 7 days after the insurer's assignment of an
2509	adjuster to the claim, The insurer must send notify the
2510	policyholder that he or she may request a copy of any detailed
2511	estimate of the amount of the loss within 7 days after the
2512	<u>estimate is</u> generated by an insurer's adjuster. After receiving
2513	such a request from the policyholder, the insurer must send any
2514	such detailed estimate to the policyholder within the later of 7
2515	days after the insurer received the request or 7 days after the
2516	detailed estimate of the amount of the loss is completed. This
2517	paragraph does not require that an insurer create a detailed
2518	estimate of the amount of the loss if such estimate is not
2519	reasonably necessary as part of the claim investigation.
2520	(4) An insurer shall maintain <u>:</u>
2521	(a) A record or log of each adjuster who communicates with
2522	the policyholder as provided in paragraphs (3)(b) and (c) and
2523	provide a list of such adjusters to the insured, office, or
2524	department upon request.

2525

(b) Claim records, including dates, of:

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2526	1. Any claim-related communication made between the
2527	insurer and the policyholder or the policyholder's
2528	representative;
2529	2. The insurer's receipt of the policyholder's proof of
2530	loss statement;
2531	3. Any claim-related request for information made by the
2532	insurer to the policyholder or the policyholder's
2533	representative;
2534	4. Any claim-related inspections of the property made by
2535	the insurer, including physical inspections and inspections made
2536	by electronic means;
2537	5. Any detailed estimate of the amount of the loss
2538	generated by the insurer's adjuster;
2539	6. The beginning and end of any tolling period provided
2540	for in subsection (8); and
2541	7. The insurer's payment or denial of the claim.
2542	(5) For purposes of this section, the term:
2543	(a) "Factors beyond the control of the insurer" means:
2544	1. Any of the following events that is the basis for the
2545	office issuing an order finding that such event renders all or
2546	specified residential property insurers reasonably unable to
2547	meet the requirements of this section in specified locations and
2548	ordering that such insurer or insurers may have additional time
2549	as specified by the office to comply with the requirements of
2550	this section: a state of emergency declared by the Governor
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2560

2551 <u>under s. 252.36, a breach of security that must be reported</u> 2552 <u>under s. 501.171(3), or an information technology issue. The</u> 2553 <u>office may not extend the period for payment or denial of a</u> 2554 <u>claim for more than 30 additional days.</u>

2555 <u>2. Actions by the policyholder or the policyholder's</u> 2556 <u>representative which constitute fraud, lack of cooperation, or</u> 2557 <u>intentional misrepresentation regarding the claim for which</u> 2558 <u>benefits are owed when such actions reasonably prevent the</u> 2559 <u>insurer from complying with any requirement of this section.</u>

(b) "Insurer" means any residential property insurer.

2561 (7)(a) Within 60 90 days after an insurer receives notice 2562 of an initial, reopened, or supplemental property insurance 2563 claim from a policyholder, the insurer shall pay or deny such 2564 claim or a portion of the claim unless the failure to pay is 2565 caused by factors beyond the control of the insurer which 2566 reasonably prevent such payment. The insurer shall provide a 2567 reasonable explanation in writing to the policyholder of the 2568 basis in the insurance policy, in relation to the facts or 2569 applicable law, for the payment, denial, or partial denial of a 2570 claim. If the insurer's claim payment is less than specified in 2571 any insurer's detailed estimate of the amount of the loss, the 2572 insurer must provide a reasonable explanation in writing of the 2573 difference to the policyholder. Any payment of an initial or 2574 supplemental claim or portion of such claim made 60 90 days 2575 after the insurer receives notice of the claim, or made more

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2576 than 15 days after the expiration of any additional timeframe 2577 provided to pay or deny a claim or a portion of a claim made 2578 pursuant to an order of the office finding there are no longer 2579 factors beyond the control of the insurer which reasonably 2580 prevented such payment, whichever is later, bears interest at 2581 the rate set forth in s. 55.03. Interest begins to accrue from 2582 the date the insurer receives notice of the claim. The 2583 provisions of this subsection may not be waived, voided, or 2584 nullified by the terms of the insurance policy. If there is a 2585 right to prejudgment interest, the insured must select whether 2586 to receive prejudgment interest or interest under this 2587 subsection. Interest is payable when the claim or portion of the 2588 claim is paid. Failure to comply with this subsection 2589 constitutes a violation of this code. However, failure to comply 2590 with this subsection does not form the sole basis for a private 2591 cause of action. 2592 (8) The requirements of this section are tolled: 2593 (a) During the pendency of any mediation proceeding under 2594 s. 627.7015 or any alternative dispute resolution proceeding 2595 provided for in the insurance contract. The tolling period ends 2596 upon the end of the mediation or alternative dispute resolution 2597 proceeding. 2598 (b) Upon the failure of a policyholder or a representative 2599 of the policyholder to provide material claims information 2600 requested by the insurer within 10 days after the request was

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2601 received. The tolling period ends upon the insurer's receipt of 2602 the requested information. Tolling under this paragraph applies 2603 only to requests sent by the insurer to the policyholder or a 2604 representative of the policyholder at least 15 days before the 2605 insurer is required to pay or deny the claim or a portion of the 2606 claim under subsection (7). 2607 Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 627.70132, Florida 2608 Statutes, is amended to read: 2609 627.70132 Notice of property insurance claim.-2610 A claim or reopened claim, but not a supplemental (2) 2611 claim, under an insurance policy that provides property 2612 insurance, as defined in s. 624.604, including a property 2613 insurance policy issued by an eligible surplus lines insurer, 2614 for loss or damage caused by any peril is barred unless notice 2615 of the claim was given to the insurer in accordance with the 2616 terms of the policy within 1 year 2 years after the date of 2617 loss. A supplemental claim is barred unless notice of the 2618 supplemental claim was given to the insurer in accordance with 2619 the terms of the policy within 18 months 3 years after the date 2620 of loss. 2621 Section 17. Subsections (1), (2), (6), and (8) of section 627.70152, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2622 2623 627.70152 Suits arising under a property insurance 2624 policy.-2625 (1) APPLICATION.-This section applies exclusively to all Page 105 of 123

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suits not brought by an assignee arising under a residential or commercial property insurance policy, including a residential or commercial property insurance policy issued by an eligible surplus lines insurer.

2630

(2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

2631 (a) "Amount obtained" means damages recovered, if any, but 2632 the term does not include any amount awarded for attorney fees, 2633 costs, or interest.

2634 (b) "Claimant" means an insured who is filing suit under a 2635 residential or commercial property insurance policy.

2636 (b) (c) "Disputed amount" means the difference between the 2637 claimant's presuit settlement demand, not including attorney 2638 fees and costs listed in the demand, and the insurer's presuit 2639 settlement offer, not including attorney fees and costs, if part 2640 of the offer.

2641 (c) (d) "Presuit settlement demand" means the demand made 2642 by the claimant in the written notice of intent to initiate 2643 litigation as required by paragraph (3)(a). The demand must 2644 include the amount of reasonable and necessary attorney fees and 2645 costs incurred by the claimant, to be calculated by multiplying 2646 the number of hours actually worked on the claim by the 2647 claimant's attorney as of the date of the notice by a reasonable 2648 hourly rate.

2649 <u>(d)</u> (e) "Presuit settlement offer" means the offer made by 2650 the insurer in its written response to the notice as required by

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2651 subsection (3). 2652 ADMISSIBILITY OF NOTICE AND RESPONSE. - The notice (6)2653 provided pursuant to subsection (3) and, if applicable, the 2654 documentation to support the information provided in the notice: 2655 Are not admissible as evidence only in any a (a) 2656 proceeding regarding attorney fees. 2657 (b) Do not limit the evidence of attorney fees or costs, 2658 damages, or loss which may be offered at trial. 2659 (c) Do not relieve any obligation that an insured or 2660 assignee has to give notice under any other provision of law. 2661 (8) ATTORNEY FEES.-2662 (a) In a suit arising under a residential or commercial 2663 property insurance policy not brought by an assignce, the amount 2664 of reasonable attorney fees and costs under s. 626.9373(1) or s. 2665 627.428(1) shall be calculated and awarded as follows: 2666 1. If the difference between the amount obtained by the 2667 claimant and the presuit settlement offer, excluding reasonable attorney fees and costs, is less than 20 percent of the disputed 2668 2669 amount, each party pays its own attorney fees and 2670 claimant may not be awarded attorney fees under s. 626.9373(1) 2671 or s. 627.428(1). 2672 2. If the difference between the amount obtained by the 2673 claimant and the presuit settlement offer, excluding reasonable 2674 attorney fees and costs, is at least 20 percent but less than 50 percent of the disputed amount, the insurer pays the claimant's 2675 Page 107 of 123

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2676 attorney fees and costs under s. 626.9373(1) or s. 627.428(1) equal to the percentage of the disputed amount obtained times 2677 2678 the total attorney fees and costs. 2679 3. If the difference between the amount obtained by the 2680 claimant and the presuit settlement offer, excluding reasonable 2681 attorney fees and costs, is at least 50 percent of the disputed 2682 amount, the insurer pays the claimant's full attorney fees and 2683 costs under s. 626.9373(1) or s. 627.428(1). 2684 (b) In a suit arising under a residential or commercial 2685 property insurance policy not brought by an assignce, if a court 2686 dismisses a claimant's suit pursuant to subsection (5), the 2687 court may not award to the claimant any incurred attorney fees 2688 for services rendered before the dismissal of the suit. When a 2689 claimant's suit is dismissed pursuant to subsection (5), the 2690 court may award to the insurer reasonable attorney fees and 2691 costs associated with securing the dismissal. 2692 (c) In awarding attorney fees under this subsection, a 2693 strong presumption is created that a lodestar fee is sufficient 2694 reasonable. Such presumption may be rebutted only in 2695 and exceptional circumstance with evidence that competent 2696 counsel could not be retained in a reasonable manner. 2697 Section 18. Section 627.70154, Florida Statutes, is 2698 created to read: 2699 627.70154 Mandatory binding arbitration.-A property 2700 insurance policy issued in this state may not require that a

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2701	policyholder participate in mandatory binding arbitration unless
2702	all of the following apply:
2703	(1) The mandatory binding arbitration requirements are
2704	contained in a separate endorsement attached to the property
2705	insurance policy.
2706	(2) The premium that a policyholder is charged for the
2707	policy includes an actuarially sound credit or premium discount
2708	for the mandatory binding arbitration endorsement.
2709	(3) The policyholder signs a form electing to accept
2710	mandatory binding arbitration. The form must notify the
2711	policyholder of the rights given up in exchange for the credit
2712	or premium discount, including, but not limited to, the right to
2713	a trial by jury.
2714	(4) The endorsement establishes that an insurer will
2715	comply with the mediation provisions set forth in s. 627.7015
2716	before the initiation of arbitration.
2717	(5) The insurer also offers the policyholder a policy that
2718	does not require that the policyholder participate in mandatory
2719	binding arbitration.
2720	Section 19. Subsections (9), (14), and (15) of section
2721	627.7074, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2722	627.7074 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed
2723	sinkhole insurance claims
2724	(9) Evidence of an offer to settle a claim during the
2725	neutral evaluation process, as well as any relevant conduct or
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2726 statements made in negotiations concerning the offer to settle a 2727 claim, is inadmissible to prove liability or absence of 2728 liability for the claim or its value, except as provided in 2729 subsection (14).

2730 (14)If the neutral evaluator verifies the existence of a 2731 sinkhole that caused structural damage and recommends the need 2732 for and estimates costs of stabilizing the land and any covered 2733 buildings and other appropriate remediation or building repairs 2734 which exceed the amount that the insurer has offered to pay the 2735 policyholder, the insurer is liable to the policyholder for up 2736 to \$2,500 in attorney's fees for the attorney's participation in 2737 the neutral evaluation process. For purposes of this subsection, 2738 the term "offer to pay" means a written offer signed by the 2739 insurer or its legal representative and delivered to the 2740 policyholder within 10 days after the insurer receives notice 2741 that a request for neutral evaluation has been made under this 2742 section.

2743 (15) If the insurer timely agrees in writing to comply and 2744 timely complies with the recommendation of the neutral 2745 evaluator, but the policyholder declines to resolve the matter 2746 in accordance with the recommendation of the neutral evaluator 2747 pursuant to this section:

(a) The insurer is not liable for extracontractual damages
related to a claim for a sinkhole loss but only as related to
the issues determined by the neutral evaluation process. This

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2751 section does not affect or impair claims for extracontractual 2752 damages unrelated to the issues determined by the neutral 2753 evaluation process contained in this section; and

(b) The actions of the insurer are not a confession of judgment or admission of liability, and the insurer is not liable for attorney's fees under s. 627.428 or other provisions of the insurance code unless the policyholder obtains a judgment that is more favorable than the recommendation of the neutral evaluator.

2760 Section 20. Effective March 1, 2023, section 627.7142, 2761 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2762 627.7142 Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights.-An insurer 2763 issuing a personal lines residential property insurance policy 2764 in this state must provide a Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights to 2765 a policyholder within 14 days after receiving an initial 2766 communication with respect to a claim. The purpose of the bill 2767 of rights is to summarize, in simple, nontechnical terms, 2768 existing Florida law regarding the rights of a personal lines 2769 residential property insurance policyholder who files a claim of 2770 loss. The Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights is specific to the 2771 claims process and does not represent all of a policyholder's 2772 rights under Florida law regarding the insurance policy. The 2773 Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights does not create a civil cause of 2774 action by any individual policyholder or class of policyholders against an insurer or insurers. The failure of an insurer to 2775

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2776	properly deliver the Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights is subject
2777	to administrative enforcement by the office but is not
2778	admissible as evidence in a civil action against an insurer. The
2779	Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights does not enlarge, modify, or
2780	contravene statutory requirements, including, but not limited
2781	to, ss. 626.854, 626.9541, 627.70131, 627.7015, and 627.7074,
2782	and does not prohibit an insurer from exercising its right to
2783	repair damaged property in compliance with the terms of an
2784	applicable policy or ss. 627.7011(6)(e) and 627.702(7). The
2785	Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights must state:
2786	
2787	HOMEOWNER CLAIMS
2788	BILL OF RIGHTS
2789	This Bill of Rights is specific to the claims process
2790	and does not represent all of your rights under
2791	Florida law regarding your policy. There are also
2792	exceptions to the stated timelines when conditions are
2793	beyond your insurance company's control. This document
2794	does not create a civil cause of action by an
2795	individual policyholder, or a class of policyholders,
2796	against an insurer or insurers and does not prohibit
2797	an insurer from exercising its right to repair damaged
2798	property in compliance with the terms of an applicable
2799	policy.
2800	

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2825	full settlement of your initial, reopened, or
2824	claim is filed if your insurance company does not pay
2823	company, which begins accruing from the date your
2822	627.70131, Florida Statutes, from your insurance
2821	5.4. Receive payment of interest, as provided in s.
2820	claim.
2819	your claim, or your insurance company's denial of your
2818	for your claim or payment of the undisputed portion of
2817	noted in the policy, receive full settlement payment
2816	<u>4.</u> Within <u>60</u> 90 days, subject to any dual interest
2815	company's adjuster.
2814	days after the estimate is generated by the insurance
2813	detailed estimate of the amount of the loss within 7
2812	3. <u>Receive from your insurance company a copy of any</u>
2811	investigated.
2810	written statement that your claim is being
2809	full, partially covered, or denied, or receive a
2808	company, confirmation that your claim is covered in
2807	complete proof-of-loss statement to your insurance
2806	company within 30 days after you have submitted a
2805	2. Upon written request, receive from your insurance
2804	after the time you communicated the claim.
2803	acknowledgment of your reported claim within $\frac{7}{2}$ $\frac{14}{4}$ days
2802	1. Receive from your insurance company an
2801	YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO:
1	

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2826 supplemental claim or the undisputed portion of your 2827 claim or does not deny your claim within 60 90 days 2828 after your claim is filed. The interest, if 2829 applicable, must be paid when your claim or the 2830 undisputed portion of your claim is paid. 2831 6.5. Free mediation of your disputed claim by the 2832 Florida Department of Financial Services, Division of 2833 Consumer Services, under most circumstances and 2834 subject to certain restrictions. 2835 7.6. Neutral evaluation of your disputed claim, if 2836 your claim is for damage caused by a sinkhole and is 2837 covered by your policy. 2838 8.7. Contact the Florida Department of Financial 2839 Services, Division of Consumer Services' toll-free 2840 helpline for assistance with any insurance claim or 2841 questions pertaining to the handling of your claim. 2842 You can reach the Helpline by phone at ... (toll-free 2843 phone number)..., or you can seek assistance online at 2844 the Florida Department of Financial Services, Division 2845 of Consumer Services' website at ... (website 2846 address).... 2847 2848 YOU ARE ADVISED TO: 2849 File all claims directly with your insurance 1. 2850 company.

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2851 Contact your insurance company before entering 2. 2852 into any contract for repairs to confirm any managed 2853 repair policy provisions or optional preferred 2854 vendors. 2855 3. Make and document emergency repairs that are 2856 necessary to prevent further damage. Keep the damaged 2857 property, if feasible, keep all receipts, and take 2858 photographs or video of damage before and after any 2859 repairs to provide to your insurer. 2860 Carefully read any contract that requires you to 4. 2861 pay out-of-pocket expenses or a fee that is based on a 2862 percentage of the insurance proceeds that you will 2863 receive for repairing or replacing your property. 2864 Confirm that the contractor you choose is licensed 5. 2865 to do business in Florida. You can verify a 2866 contractor's license and check to see if there are any 2867 complaints against him or her by calling the Florida 2868 Department of Business and Professional Regulation. 2869 You should also ask the contractor for references from 2870 previous work. 2871 6. Require all contractors to provide proof of 2872 insurance before beginning repairs. 2873 Take precautions if the damage requires you to 7. 2874 leave your home, including securing your property and 2875 turning off your gas, water, and electricity, and

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2876	contacting your insurance company and provide a phone
2877	number where you can be reached.
2878	Section 21. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) and
2879	subsection (13) of section 627.7152, Florida Statutes, are
2880	amended to read:
2881	627.7152 Assignment agreements
2882	(2)(a) An assignment agreement must:
2883	1. Be executed under a residential property insurance
2884	policy or under a commercial property insurance policy as that
2885	term is defined in s. 627.0625(1), issued on or after July 1,
2886	2019, and before January 1, 2023.
2887	2. Be in writing and executed by and between the assignor
2888	and the assignee.
2889	3.2. Contain a provision that allows the assignor to
2890	rescind the assignment agreement without a penalty or fee by
2891	submitting a written notice of rescission signed by the assignor
2892	to the assignee within 14 days after the execution of the
2893	agreement, at least 30 days after the date work on the property
2894	is scheduled to commence if the assignee has not substantially
2895	performed, or at least 30 days after the execution of the
2896	agreement if the agreement does not contain a commencement date
2897	and the assignee has not begun substantial work on the property.
2898	4.3. Contain a provision requiring the assignee to provide
2899	a copy of the executed assignment agreement to the insurer
2900	within 3 business days after the date on which the assignment
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2901 agreement is executed or the date on which work begins, 2902 whichever is earlier. Delivery of the copy of the assignment 2903 agreement to the insurer may be made: 2904 a. By personal service, overnight delivery, or electronic 2905 transmission, with evidence of delivery in the form of a receipt 2906 or other paper or electronic acknowledgment by the insurer; or 2907 b. To the location designated for receipt of such 2908 agreements as specified in the policy. 2909 5.4. Contain a written, itemized, per-unit cost estimate 2910 of the services to be performed by the assignee. 2911 6.5. Relate only to work to be performed by the assignee 2912 for services to protect, repair, restore, or replace a dwelling 2913 or structure or to mitigate against further damage to such 2914 property. 2915 7.6. Contain the following notice in 18-point uppercase 2916 and boldfaced type: 2917 YOU ARE AGREEING TO GIVE UP CERTAIN RIGHTS YOU HAVE 2918 2919 UNDER YOUR INSURANCE POLICY TO A THIRD PARTY, WHICH 2920 MAY RESULT IN LITIGATION AGAINST YOUR INSURER. PLEASE 2921 READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS DOCUMENT BEFORE SIGNING IT. 2922 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT WITHOUT 2923 PENALTY WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER THE DATE THIS AGREEMENT 2924 IS EXECUTED, AT LEAST 30 DAYS AFTER THE DATE WORK ON 2925 THE PROPERTY IS SCHEDULED TO COMMENCE IF THE ASSIGNEE Page 117 of 123

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2926	HAS NOT SUBSTANTIALLY PERFORMED, OR AT LEAST 30 DAYS
2927	AFTER THE EXECUTION OF THE AGREEMENT IF THE AGREEMENT
2928	DOES NOT CONTAIN A COMMENCEMENT DATE AND THE ASSIGNEE
2929	HAS NOT BEGUN SUBSTANTIAL WORK ON THE PROPERTY.
2930	HOWEVER, YOU ARE OBLIGATED FOR PAYMENT OF ANY
2931	CONTRACTED WORK PERFORMED BEFORE THE AGREEMENT IS
2932	RESCINDED. THIS AGREEMENT DOES NOT CHANGE YOUR
2933	OBLIGATION TO PERFORM THE DUTIES REQUIRED UNDER YOUR
2934	PROPERTY INSURANCE POLICY.
2935	
2936	8.7. Contain a provision requiring the assignee to
2937	indemnify and hold harmless the assignor from all liabilities,
2938	damages, losses, and costs, including, but not limited to,
2939	attorney fees.
2940	(b) An assignment agreement may not contain:
2941	1. A penalty or fee for rescission under subparagraph
2942	<u>(a)3.</u> (a)2. ;
2943	2. A check or mortgage processing fee;
2944	3. A penalty or fee for cancellation of the agreement; or
2945	4. An administrative fee.
2946	(13) Except as provided in subsection (11), a policyholder
2947	may not assign, in whole or in part, any post-loss insurance
2948	benefit under any residential property insurance policy or under
2949	any commercial property insurance policy as that term is defined
2950	in s. 627.0625(1), issued on or after January 1, 2023. An
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2951 attempt to assign post-loss property insurance benefits under such a policy is void, invalid, and unenforceable This section 2952 2953 applies to an assignment agreement executed on or after July 2954 2019. 2955 Section 22. Paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section 2956 627.7154, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (g) is 2957 added to that subsection, to read: 2958 627.7154 Property Insurer Stability Unit; duties and 2959 required reports.-2960 The insurer stability unit shall, at a minimum: (3) 2961 (f) On January 1 and July 1 of each year, provide a report 2962 on the status of the homeowners' and condominium unit owners' insurance market to the Governor, the President of the Senate, 2963 2964 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority Leader 2965 of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the House of 2966 Representatives, and the chairs of the legislative committees 2967 with jurisdiction over matters of insurance showing: 2968 1. Litigation practices and outcomes of insurance 2969 companies. 2970 Percentage of homeowners and condominium unit owners 2. who obtain insurance in the voluntary market. 2971 2972 3. Percentage of homeowners and condominium unit owners 2973 who obtain insurance from the Citizens Property Insurance 2974 Corporation. 2975 4. Profitability of the homeowners' and condominium unit

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2976 owners' lines of insurance in this state, including a comparison 2977 with similar lines of insurance in other hurricane-prone states 2978 and with the national average.

2979 5. Average premiums charged for homeowners' and 2980 condominium unit owners' insurance in each of the 67 counties in 2981 this state.

2982 6. Results of the latest annual catastrophe stress tests 2983 of all domestic insurers and insurers that are commercially 2984 domiciled in this state.

2985 7. The availability of reinsurance in the personal lines 2986 insurance market.

2987 8. The number of property and casualty insurance carriers 2988 referred to the insurer stability unit for enhanced monitoring, 2989 including the reason for the referral.

9. The number of referrals to the insurer stability unit
which were deemed appropriate for enhanced monitoring, including
the reason for the monitoring.

2993 10. The name of any insurer against which delinquency 2994 proceedings were instituted, including the grounds for 2995 rehabilitation pursuant to s. 631.051 and the date that each 2996 insurer was deemed impaired of capital or surplus, as the terms 2997 impairment of capital and impairment of surplus are defined in 2998 s. 631.011, or insolvent, as the term insolvency is defined in 2999 s. 631.011; a concise statement of the circumstances that led to the insurer's delinquency; and a summary of the actions taken by 3000

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3001	the insurer and the office to avoid delinquency.
3002	11. The name of any insurer that is the subject of a
3003	market conduct examination that found the insurer exhibited a
3004	pattern or practice of one or more willful unfair insurance
3005	trade practice violations with regard to its use of appraisal,
3006	including, but not limited to, compelling insureds to
3007	participate in appraisal under a property insurance policy in
3008	order to secure full payment or settlement of claims, and a
3009	summary of the findings of such market conduct examination.
3010	<u>12.</u> Recommendations for improvements to the regulation of
3011	the homeowners' and condominium unit owners' insurance market
3012	and an indication of whether such improvements require any
3013	change to existing laws or rules.
3014	<u>13.12.</u> Identification of any trends that may warrant
3015	attention in the future.
3016	(g) Publish on the office's website a list of all insurers
3017	referenced in subparagraph (f)11. and a link to the market
3018	conduct reports regarding such insurers.
3019	Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 631.252, Florida
3020	Statutes, is amended to read:
3021	631.252 Continuation of coverage
3022	(3) The 30-day coverage continuation period provided in
3023	paragraph (1)(a) may <u>not</u> in no event be extended <u>unless the</u>
3024	office determines, based on a reasonable belief, that market
3025	conditions are such that policies of residential property
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3026 insurance coverage cannot be placed with an authorized insurer 3027 within 30 days and that an additional 15 days is needed to place 3028 such coverage; and failure of actual notice to the policyholder 3029 of the insolvency of the insurer, of commencement of a 3030 delinquency proceeding, or of expiration of the extension period does not affect such expiration. 3031 3032 Section 24. Present subsections (6) through (8) of section 3033 768.79, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) 3034 through (9), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to 3035 that section, to read: 768.79 Offer of judgment and demand for judgment.-3036 3037 (6) For a breach of contract action, a property insurer may make a joint offer of judgment or settlement that is 3038 3039 conditioned on the mutual acceptance of all the joint offerees. 3040 Section 25. For the 2022-2023 fiscal year, the sum of 3041 \$1,757,982 in recurring funds is appropriated from the Insurance 3042 Regulatory Trust Fund to the Office of Insurance Regulation with 3043 associated salary rate of 844,464. From these funds, \$1,356,615 3044 is appropriated in the Salaries and Benefits appropriation 3045 category, \$400,000 is appropriated in the Other Personal Services appropriation category, and \$1,367 is appropriated in 3046 3047 the Transfer to Department of Management Services - Human 3048 Resources Services Purchased Per Statewide Contract 3049 appropriation category. The funds shall be utilized for the recruitment and retention of personnel within the office to 3050

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3051	ensure the ongoing monitoring of insurance company products and	
3052	services, as well as the financial condition of licensed	
3053	insurance companies. The funds shall be used to implement this	
3054	act.	
3055	Section 26. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this	
3056	act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.	

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